THE ERIE OBSERVER.

A. P. DURLIN & CO., Proprietors. FORWARD. $1 50 A YEAR, in Advance.

VOLUME 22. SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 5, 1851. NUMBER 8.

Erie Weekly Observer.

A. P. DURLIN & CO. PROPRIETORS.

B. F. SLOAN, Editor.

OFFICE, CORNER STATE ST. AND PUBLIC SQUARE, ERIE.

TERMS OF THE PAPER.

City subscribers by the carrier, at $1.00.
By mail, or at the office, in advance, 1.50
If not paid in advance, or within three months from the time of subscribing, two dollars will be charged.
All communications must be post paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Cards not exceeding 4 lines, one year. $3,00
One square " " 10,00
do. do. six months, 6,00
do. do. three months, 3,00

Than semi advertisements, 50 cents per square, of fifteen lines or less, for the first insertion; 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Yearly advertisers have the privilege of changing at pleasure, but at no time are allowed to occupy more than two squares, *and to be limited to their immediate business.*

Advertisements not having other directions, will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

A. M. JUDSON,
Attorney at Law.—Office at present in the Chronicle Office, in Wright's Block.

J. W. DOUGLASS,
Attorney at Law.—Office over Williams' & Wright's Banking Establishment; entrance first door west of the Public Square

COMPTON, HAVERSTICK & CO.
Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Liquors of all kinds, Crockery Nails, &c., one door south of Smith Jackson's store, French Street, Erie, Pa.
J. Compton. H. B. Haverstick. L. N. Tibbals.

C. ANDRE,
Agent of J. Andre Offenbach—Depot of Foreign MUSIC and musical Merchandize, wholesale and retail, No. 19, So. 5th St. ab. Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

DR. C. BRANDES.
Physician and Surgeon—Office corner of State and Seventh Streets: Residence on Eighth Street, between French and Holland, Erie, Pa.

M. SANFORD & CO.,
Dealers in Gold, Silver, Bank Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, &c. Sight Exchange on the principal cities constantly for sale Office in Beatty's Block, Public Square, Erie.

T. HERON STUART.
Surgeon and Physician—Office, corner of French and Fifth streets, over Moses Koch's store. Residence on Fourth street, one door east of the old Apothecary Hall.

R. T. STERRETT & SONS,
Has constantly on hand a full supply of Groceries, Liquors, Ship Chandlery, Provisions, Produce, &c., &c.; and sells Wholesale or Retail as cheap as the cheapest. No 13, Cheapside Erie

WM. S. LANE
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.,
Revolutionary, army and Navy Pensions, Bounty Lands and claims for extra pay, and all other business entrusted to me shall receive prompt and faithful attention.
Office in Wright's Block on State street, over J. H. Fullerton's store. Erie Oct. 19.

LAIRD & RUST.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Liquors, Flour, Fish, Salt &c., No. 1, Wright's Block corner of Fifth and State Streets.
Wilson Laird. Stephen Rust.

GALEN B. KEENE,
Fashionable Tailor, rooms over the store of Smith Jackson, Cheap Side. CUTTING done on short notice

OLIVER SPAFFORD,
Bookseller and Stationer, and Manufacturer of Blank Books and Writing Ink, corner of the Diamond and Sixth street.

J. B. NICKLIN,
Special and general Agency and Commission business, Franklin, Pa.

RUFUS REED,
Dealer in English, German and American Hardware and Cutlery, Also, Nails, Anvils, Vices, Iron and Steel No. 3 Reed House: Erie, Pa.

W. J. F. LIDDLE & Co.
Blacksmiths, Carriage and Wagon Builders, State Street, between Seventh & Eighth, Erie.

L. STRONG, M. D.
Office, one Door west of C. B. Wright's store, up stairs.

DOCT. J. L. STEWART,
Office with Doct. A. Burke, Seventh near Sassafras street. Residence, on Sassafras, one door north of Seventh st.

C. SIEGEL,
Wholesale and Retail dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Fruit, &c., &c Corner of French and Fifth Streets, opposite the Farmers' Hotel, Erie

JOHN McCANN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Family Groceries, Crockery Glassware, Iron, Nails, &c., Cheap Side, Erie, Pa.
☞ The highest price paid for Country Produce.

J. GOALDING.
Merchant Tailor, and Habit Maker—Store, No. 3 Reed's Block, (opposite the Bonnell Block) State Street, Erie.

J. W. WETMORE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
In Walker's Office, on Seventh Street, Erie, Pa

HENRY CADWELL,
Importer, Jobber, and Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, Carpeting, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, &c. Empire Stores State Street, four doors, below Brown's Hotel, Erie, Pa.
Also—Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Axle Arms, Springs, and a general assortment of Saddle and Carriage Trimmings.

S. MERVIN SMITH,
Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, and Agent for the Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company—Office 3 doors west of Wrights store, Erie, Pa.

GEORGE H. CUTLER,
Attorney at Law, Girard, Erie County, Pa. Collections and other business attended to with promptness and dispatch.

T. W. MOORE,
Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Candles, Fruit, &c., No. 6, Poor People's Row, State street, Erie.

JOSIAH KELLOGG,
Forwarding & Commission Merchant, on the Public Dock, east of State street.
Coal, Salt, Plaster and White Fish, constantly for sale.

J. H. WILLIAMS,
Banker and Exchange Broker. Dealer in Bills of Exchange, Drafts, certificates of Deposite, Gold and silver coin, &c., &c. Office, 4 doors below Brown's Hotel, Erie, Pa.

I. ROSENZWEIG & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, ready made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, &c., No. 4 Wright's Block, State street, Erie.

BENJAMIN F. DENNISON,
Attorney at Law, Cleveland, Ohio—Office on Superior street, in Atwater's Block. Refer to Chief Justice Parker, Cambridge Law School, Hon. Richard Fletcher, 10 State st., Boston; Hon. Samuel H. Perkins, 113 Walnut st., Philadelphia; Richard H. Kimball, Esq., 53 Wall street, New York. For testimonials, reference to this office.

MARSHALL & VINCENT,
Attorneys at Law—Office up stairs in Tammany Hall building, north of the Prothonotary's office, Erie.

MURRAY WHALLON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law—Office over C. B. Wright's Store, entrance one door west of State street, on the Diamond, Erie.

C. M. TIBBALS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Dry Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c., No. 111, Cheapside, Erie.

JOHN ZIMMERLY,
Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, State street, three doors north of the Diamond, Erie.

SMITH JACKSON,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queens Ware, Lime, Iron, Nails, &c., 121, Cheapside, Erie, Pa.

WILLIAM RIBLET,
Cabinet Maker Upholster, and Undertaker, corner of State and Seventh streets, Erie.

EDWIN J. KELSO & CO.
General Forwarding, Produce and Commison Merchants; dealers in coarse and fine salt, Coal, Plaster, Shingles, &c. Public dock, west side of the bridge, Erie.

WALKER & COOK,
General Forwarding, Commission and Produce Merchants; Second Ware-house east of the Public Bridge, Erie.

G. LOOMIS & Co.
Dealers in Watches, Jewelry, Silver, German Silver, Plated and Britannia Ware Cutlery, Military and Fancy Goods, State street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel, Erie.
G. Loomis. T. M. Austin

CARTER & BROTHER,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs, Glass, &c., No. 8, Reed House, Erie.

JAMES LYTLE,
Fashionable Merchant Tailor, on the public square, a few doors west of State street, Erie.

D. S. CLARK,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Ship Chandlery, Stone-ware, &c. &c., No. 3, Bonnell Block, Erie.

O. D. SPAFFORD.
Dealer in Law, Medical, school Miscellaneous Books stationary Ink, &c. State st., four doors below the Public square.

DR. O. L. ELLIOTT,
Resident Dentist; Office and dwelling in the Beebe Block, on the East side of the Public Square, Erie. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire set. Carious teeth filled with pure Gold, and restored to health and usefulness. Teeth cleaned with instruments and Dentifrice so as to leave them of a pellucid clearness. All work warranted.

S. DICKERSON,
Physician and Surgeon—Office at his residence on Seventh street, opposite the Methodist Church, Erie.

JOHN H. BURTON & CO.
Wholesale and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Groceries, &c. No. 5, Reed House, Erie.

Select Poetry.

BABYLON.

BY CHARLES M. STEWART.

'Twas starry night. Her moonlit banks
The deep Euphrates murmured by;
The palm-trees, in that pensive hour,
Unquivering, lifted to the sky;
The moonlight trembled as it fell
In beauty on bright Babel's bowers,
And all unheeded broke the spell
That marked the fond and fleeting hours.

The dates' rich treasures glowing, drooped
And flushed each ray the moonbeams gave;
Buds blushing, and night flowers stooped
To kiss, in love, their mirror wave.
Proud Babylon's halls are festive now;
Ten thousand shifting torches shine;
The bold throng there, and beauty's brow
Bloom warmed from the mantling wine

Around Belshazzar's banquet board,
Around Belshazzar's impious throne,
In mystic lines the lingering light
Hung dimly beautiful on arch and dome;
The flag hung furled in that deep hush,
That, calm in sleep, the solemn hour,
Though 'twas in life's full flow and flush,
Breathed all about the brooding tower.

But look! what means that sudden pause?
'Tis not the votive pledge I hear—
The lightening glare—O God, thy laws
Chain the bolts midway in career!
Blazing in fires, that blacken, there,
Empyreal lightning wraps the wall;
Darkening in its lurid glare,
Heav'n's decree for Babel's fall.

Washington, D. C., June, 1851.

Choice Miscellany.

THE QUAKER SPY.

A TALE OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Written for the Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper.

There stands, or did stand not more than a dozen years since, a curious looking old stone house in Bucks County, on the road leading from Newtown to Taylor's—formerly McConkey's ferry. It is not over twenty-five or thirty miles from the city of Philadelphia, and was in days past, and still is, in all probability, the residence of Enos Merrick, and Sarah, his wife—good, plain, household, domestic people, who live along quietly and unostentatiously, paying their "day and way," and in all respects sustaining the character of decent, respectable farmers.

It is a queer looking old structure, to be sure, and was evidently erected in days long back—perhaps some time in the first half of the eighteenth century. There it stands, a monument of the past, with its hipped roof and its gable end next the road, as was the custom of building in those days.

This was quite a famous edifice once upon a time; in that lower chamber which stands nearest the road, there was held a most memorable consultation—one which led to results whose importance it would be vain to estimate now-a-days. The Council of War which determined upon the attack upon Trenton, and the consequent capture of the Hessians, together with the turning of the tide of fortune in favor of the American arms, was held there, in that very house, on the night of the 20th of December, 1776. It was the head-quarters of Gen. Greene, the "Quaker General," as he is sometimes called; and around the Council board there assembled, sat the cool, the steadfast, the invincible Washington; the ardent and generous Layfayette, and a number of other revolutionary worthies, whose names are well recorded in the annals of their country's fame. Upon the night in question, even in this fearful and trying period, when to human observance all appeared to be lost, and when the continental army were scattering like sheep before the marauding violence of foreign wolves—even then, the excellent and noble-hearted Washington seemed to exhibit his usual dignity and self-possession, relying upon the protecting care of an over-ruling Providence, and upon the justice of a cause to which his entire energies were dedicated.

It will be remembered by the student of American history, that Washington, with a small remnant of his army—all, indeed, that was left—retreated across "the Jerseys" before the forces of Lord Cornwallis, the British commander. Having vainly attempted to dispute the landing of the British troops upon Long Island, our commander-in-chief retreated first into the counties above the city of New York, thence across the Hudson into New Jersey, and finally over the river Delaware into Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he was temporarily quartered during the month of December of that memorable year.

The house of Mr. Merrick, alluded to above, was not over three or three and a half miles from the river, in the township of Upper Makefield, Bucks county, and was about the centre of the encampment—the troops, numbering only some fifteen hundred, being quartered at the farm-houses, a few miles up and down the river

It was determined at that long to be remembered council of war that an attack should be made upon the British and Hessian forces at Trenton, which was only nine or ten miles distant. This attack it was resolved should be made upon the night or morning of Christmas, when it was presumed the army of the enemy would be most off its guard in consequence of the festivities of the season. The whole affair was kept a profound secret, of course; because, from the proximity of the two armies, it will readily be conceived that the entire success of the enterprise depended upon the ability to make the attack by surprise.

But it was indispensably necessary to despatch a confidential agent into the town of Trenton, for purposes to be hereafter mentioned: and there was great hazard attending a mission of the kind. A double line of British sentries were thrown around the town occupied by the army of Cornwallis. No suspicious stranger was allowed to pass without a rigid examination: and hence the choice of such an agent involved heavy responsibilities: not only to the safety of the individual so selected, but to the success or failure of the entire enterprise. When, therefore, the hour for morning parade arrived, which took place in front of General Greene's quarters—this same ancient house—a call was made for a volunteer for a mission of importance. This being a customary matter in these times that "tried men's souls," it excited no especial attention among the soldiers; nor did it create any astonishment when, after a short hesitation, James Schofield, a Quaker, stepped forward from the ranks, and so designated himself for any mission of peril on which he might be sent.

A smile of approbation ran through the line as James presented himself; there were very few of the Society of Friends embodied as soldiers among the continental troops, but some there were, and among those who shared largely in the confidence of the officers was this James Schofield, a young man of fine appearance and address, and well known for more than ordinary mental endowments, as well as for his modesty and reserve.

"Thou art the very man, James," said the Colonel in command, assuming the use of plain language, "come with me, and I will make thee acquainted with one who will be glad to receive a brother into his confidence."

So saying, he led the way into the house. There, in the chamber heretofore designated, sat General Greene and General Washington. The young man entered, and the door was closed. He was then directed to bolt the door, and to take the seat that was pointed to him.

"You have offered yourself upon an expedition of importance," said Gen. Greene.

"I have," was the reply.

"Are you prepared to encounter great hazard in your country's service?" continued the General.

"Truly, if thou wilt accept my services," answered the young Quaker.

"Ah," rejoined Greene, with a smile of pleasure animating his stern features, "I perceive that thou art one of our people—what is thy name?"

"James Schofield."

"Well, James," said Greene, "I perceive that in thee which inspires me with confidence, and we will accept thy services—but there are tremendous consequences connected with this errand on which thou art to be sent—thou must be secret as death," and then lowering his voice, he continued—"it has been determined to make a night attack upon Trenton, and it is thy business to go into the town to gain certain intelligence."

"I suspected so," said Schofield, calmly, "and therefore I offered my services to thee."

A glance of suspicion passed between the two Generals at this observation.

"What! is the enterprise talked of in the camp?" asked Greene in alarm.

"O no, Nathaniel Greene," said the Quaker soldier: "but in my own breast I have thought that it might become expedient to make such an attack—and having an acquaintance nigh unto Trenton, who might be a great aid to me in forwarding a communication, I have volunteered my services. I was also upon guard last night, and was aware that a council was held in this very chamber, and among those present was the young Marquis, as thou callest him, De Lafayette. Such things meant something I was sure, and I perceive that my suspicions are correct."

"And thou wilt be prompt and faithful?" asked the General.

"I have *shouldered the murderous firelock in this unhappy controversy with Britain from the purer dictates of principle*, as I humbly trust, friend Nathaniel, and thou mayst trust me in this matter even as thou wouldst trust thine own self," answered James with feeling.

"Well," said Greene, "thou must carry this letter to Simon Leake, in Trenton: it is an announcement to him of the time and plan of our attack, and a desire to furnish us some military stores which lie secreted in a storehouse in that town. We also desire an answer of him of the disposition of the enemy's forces. You must go to-night. A horse will be provided for you at ten o'clock, and you will cross the river at Yardley's ferry, where a boat and ferryman will be in readiness for you: further than this you must provide for yourself, and the reward for the successful accomplishment of this errand will be twenty-five pounds, lawful money of these States: but if thou failest, James, and shouldst fall into the hands of these British Philistines, a halter will be thy penalty!"

"Fear not, friend Greene," replied the newly ordained spy. "I have a friend near by to the town of Trenton who will serve me in good stead—"

"Beware, beware of communicating thy business to any one!" *interrupted the General in a tone of caution.*

"Ah, but this one is a maiden—"

"Canst thou trust her, James?"

"Trust her! Why, she is my betrothed, my beloved Deborah!" exclaimed the young man with much enthusiasm, "and she loves thee, Nathaniel Greene, and she loves George Washington, and she loves the great cause of American liberty better than she loveth her own heart's blood—may I not trust her?"

"Well, go, James, and success attend thee," kindly remarked the General, as he took his hand whilst dismissing him. A single encouraging glance from Washington prompted the young adventurer to a similar liberty with himself, and he grasped the huge right hand of the American commander with an energy which was of itself an earnest of an honest and devoted heart.

That night, near the hour of eleven, the clattering of a horse's feet was heard upon the road running through the village of Darlington—an ancient hamlet, which retains its own even to this day, without any increase or diminution in the number or character of its inhabitants. At the time of the revolution it was particularly noted for a set of drinking, rowdying fellows, who were pretty firm, however, in their attachment for the Whig cause; but their valor was not quite so abundantly displayed in good works. They staid at home and swore valiantly about Cornwallis and the "tarnal Hessians," whom, as they said, King George had hired at a hundred dollars a head to come over and "fight against *us* freemen." Oftentimes of an evening, over a good fire and good whiskey, they would sit and discuss the affairs of the country, and throw into one common stock such items of news as they were able to pick up from the various accessible sources—from travelers, from market people, and otherwise. The house in which their nightly assemblages took place was built of logs, and was afterwards for many years occupied by Doughty Biles as a seminary of learning. The remains of its old chimney may still be seen by the curious in antiquarian researches.

Jacob Hibbs seemed to be the head spokesman upon the evening in question. He had just returned from the "Philadelphy market," where he had gathered some information which he was detailing to his auditors with an air of some importance. "He had need a man that knowed what the Continental Congress was a doing—that he had—and he heard another man tell how he had listened with *his own ears to the Declaration of Independence*, when it was read from the State-house steps last summer!"

"Well," hiccupped Billy Beans, "I wonder what is to be done now—I reckon the Congress 'll give the thing up, wont they?"

"Not a bit of it," quoth Jack Slack, an independent sort of a fellow, who had been in the army, and whose term of enlistment had recently expired, "not a bit of it, Uncle Billy, this Congress is full of spunk, and they'll not give it up till the last horn blows, I tell you."

"Why," answered Beans, "hasn't Howe made a proclamation, and offered pardon to all as is willing to return to allegiance again?—and as for Washington, they tell me he's hiding about over here at Keith's, clean out o' reach of Cornwallis' red-coats: for my part I think the game's up with the continentals, any how."

"Now, jest look here, old man," said the discharged militia-man, "I don't want to create any fuss in this company, but I don't love to hear them slurs cast upon my old commander. I tell you this, General Washington's a glorious fellow, and the day will come when his name will stand number one in this country, mind I tell you."

"I've a notion," interposed Jake Hibbs, "that Cornwallis will be for pushing on to Philadelphy before the winter's over—there was such a talk when I was down. If he does it will help the price of marketing mightily—butter will go up, sure."

"Is you goin' to join the army again, Jackey Slack?" inquired a sleepy chap by the name of Brooks, who sat listening with a dull comprehension to the conversation.

"I can't say yet, Mosey," answered Slack, "the pay is mighty poor, and the prospect still poorer; however, I'll wait awhile, and if things take a turn so as that a fellow shouldn't run too much risk, I'll 'list again, I reckon."

"Which one of the Feesters there over 'Shamony wa it that joined Capt. Willett's company of horse soldiers, say Johnny?" asked Brooks again.

"I reckon it was old Simon's son Abe; he'd a deal of a notion for taking it a horseback; but to my ideas of things I'd rather go afoot, and then you've no horse to see after—it's desperate troublesome to be a trooper."

"Is continental money a getting any worse, Mister Hibbs, in Philadelphy?" inquired Billy Beans.

"It's no worse, I reckon," answered Hibbs, "I got twenty-five dollars a pound, paper currency, for my butter, and that's a considerable depreciation, I should say, Uncle Billy; but hark! what's that, eh? There comes a horse down the road—listen!"

And to be sure a horseman was heard plainly enough, at this late hour of the night, coming rapidly down the road; the party threw open the cabin door, and hastily arranged themselves across the way to intercept the traveller.

"Who goes there?" inquired Slack.

"A friend!" answered Schofield, for it was he.

"We'll see about that ourselves," remarked Billy Beans, who came bustling up to the horses head to stop him; but as he was about to seize to bridle rein, he shrunk back quite dismayed at the sound of Schofield's sabre ringing from its steel scabbard.

"I tell thee I'm a friend, and I'm on business from head-quarters," hastily remarked Schofield, in a serious tone, "and thee mustn't interfere with me at thy peril,"—so saying, he put spurs to his horse and galloped away.

"Can't you tell us no news from the army, Mister Sargeant Shadbelly?" called out Billy Beans after the disappearing trooper, but no answer was returned, and the party, with sundry ominous suppositions and sage wonderings, separated for the night and went to their homes.

Meanwhile Schofield pursued his onward course, arrived at Yardley's ferry, and was carried in silence and safety over the Delaware river; and when he reached the Jersey shore, he took a southward direction towards Trenton. It was only an hour or so after midnight when he very cautiously approached a farm-house within a mile of the town, and within sight, for the moon was shining, of the advanced pickets of the enemy. He silenced the house dog by speaking in a low tone to him, and the well known voice immediately brought the animal fawning about his heels.

"Be quiet, Trusty! down you rascal, down!" said his old friend.

Casting one or two small pebbles against the window-pane of an upper chamber, James was soon cheered by the sound of some one stirring above.

"Hist! Deborah, Deborah!" called he lowly but yet distinctly, as she hoisted the sash; "'tis I—'tis thy James—thine own James Schofield come to see thee—be very silent and listen to me!"

"O James, James, my dear James, is it indeed thee?" answered a soft and very sweet female voice from the opened window, "stay, James, I'll come down presently—nay, I'll call father, and he'll let the in and make a fire to warm thee!"

"Nay, nay, Deborah; it must not be; thee must alarm no one, I'm here upon important business, and I want thy aid and assistance. Haste thee, my dear girl, and dress thyself, and come down, so that I may grasp thy soft hand one moment before I tell thee my errand!"

We pass by the meeting of the lovers; they joyed to meet, as only occasionally it was they could meet in those troublous times, and they renewed the vows of attachment, which had ere while passed between them. O it was a precious meeting that, for they had not met for many months, and they spent one short half hour in fond forgetfulness of all else save that they were once more together—that they once again heard the sweet accents of love coming warm from the heart and flowing from the lips.

But suddenly, as if remembering himself, and remembering that the stern dictates of duty could not stay for the dalliance of love, he exclaimed in accents of responsibility and authority.

"Deborah!"

"Speak, James, for thy servant heareth," was the calm reply, as she grasped his upraised hands in both of hers.

"Deborah, my dear Deborah, hear me," he answered; "it is not for the kind words that fall from thy precious lips that I have ventured so much on this wintry night—that I have left the camp, have crossed the river, and am now almost within the jaws of the enemy. I have an errand of a different nature—it is for any poor, distracted and almost overwhelming country that I have come out; and there are two many dangers surrounding me now to spend a long time embracee, my Deborah, even though they are as balm of Gilead to my care-worn heart. Listen, dearest, and be silent and secret."

He then detailed to her what he knew of the expected attack upon Trenton, and how that he had been sent with a letter to old Simon Leake, to be conveyed into his hands alone.

"And now, Deborah," continued Samuel Schofield, "thou canst help me,—nay, thou canst render thy country efficient service by thy well directed efforts—Take this letter—'tis of more value than refined gold—and don thine humblest apparel, then hasten, even now, while it is yet night, to the house of Joseph Wilson, and say to him that thou wilt accompany him as a market maiden in his cart as he goes in with produce this morning. Do not let him put thee off—go with him by all means; thou wilt pass the sentries without observation, only being cautious to act thy part well as an attendant upon Joseph, and showing no regard for things about thee. In all probability thou wilt see friend Leake upon the market-place quite early, if perchance not, seek him out and convey this letter into his hands. But O, be secret as the grave for thy life, maiden, might pay the forfeit of a discovery; and may the Lord guide thee, and send thee a safe and successful issue, of thine enterprise. I will await in the forest hard by for thy return, and at the hour of ten this night, when all is quiet, call the from thy chamber and receive thine answer. Now, Deborah, thou hast a season and an opportunity, such as I have oft heard thee desire, to be of service to George Washington—be faithful and show no fear."

Deborah Sterling was no common maiden; her heart had early been enlisted in that great and good cause, and as James had truly said, she had more than once, in a depressory tone, complained that he and other men could go forth and do battle, like valiant hearts, in the sacred cause of liberty, whilst she, a poor, weak, dependant girl, was obliged to remain inactively at home.—She was *one of those women*, and there were many of them in the unwritten annals of the Revolution, whose yearnings of heart were for American liberty, and who would gladly have embraced any post even of danger, so that some little might be accomplished by their own hands for the great and the good cause.

With eagerness and delight she therefore undertook the dangerous and important mission, and with but one more word of love and undiminished affection, they parted, ere yet the day had dawned, and before Deborah's father and the rest of his family were astir. Leaving a note in her bed-room, as a hint to her parents of the nature of her enterprise, and to account for her strange absence, she sallied forth, and as the first streaks of morn were kindling the eastern sky, she was to be seen accostume as a market woman,—in a petticoat and short-gown, and seated in a market cart beside Joseph Wilson, with a huge basket of eggs in her lap. O how her heart throbbed with joy and secret enthusiasm when they passed the lines of sentinels without a question asked or a word uttered! As she sat down in Trenton market-place on that cold, chill December morning, to assist in the sale of Josey's cartload of marketing, with a feeling of intensity—a mingled glow of patriotic ardor and maiden pride, which it would be vain to attempt to portray in terms—with that letter *in her bosom*—that *dear, precious* letter, written in Washington's own hand, which was to serve, perhaps, as one of the means in the hands of a benign Providence for the country's deliverance.

Closely she scanned the visage of each passer-by as they came their customery round to purchase provisions for the day, at the humble market of Trenton, as it then was, rendered more thronged, however, than usual by vast addition to the present population of the place, the British and the Hessians. The rich abundance of the present supplies of that city might well shame the meagre market of 1776; but times have altered since that day, and we will not stop to institute a further comparison.—But it was not to sell the butter and eggs, the potatoes and mutton, that Deborah Sterling strained her longing eyes at every passer-by. She had a higher and a loftier scheme as she was revolving how perchance she might see Simon Leake in private, if contrary to his usual custom he should fail to be one of the earliest visiters upon the ground. But it was not long that she remained in doubt or uncertainty, for the tall form of that venerable man was ere long seen amongst the crowd. It was now sunrise, and the crowd was increasing every moment, and Deborah was obliged to use circumspection. There were eyes of observation all around her, and British officers were mingling in among the people, so that her situation was hazardous, unless the utmost care and precaution were used. She caught the old gentleman's eye, however, and as he extended his hand to her, with an expression of surprise upon his countenance, she placed her finger upon her lip as if to enjoin silence, whilst at the same time she displayed to his gaze the tiny letter concealed in the hollow of her hand, as it rested carelessly upon her bosom. He started, as well he might, for the well known characters of the beloved Washington were too peculiar to admit a minutes doubt or hesitation. But a single sign of secrecy from her re-assured the old gentleman, and she slyly placed the letter in his hand; from thence it was conveyed to the deep recesses of a huge coat pocket, not to be even glanced at until he had retired to his own house, and there in the privacy of his own chamber, he drew forth the epistle so mysteriously conveyed to him, and read as follows:—

HEAD QUARTERS, at Keith's,
29th December, 1776.

My Dear Sir.—It was determined in Council of war, held on the last night, to make an attack on the combined British and Hessian forces at Trenton, and it is of the utmost importance that our faithful friends should be apprised of the fact so that they may be in expectation of it, and may also be in readiness to render us whatever assistance they can.

You will find in Wood's back warehouse half a dozen barrels marked "Chalk;" they are somewhat concealed beneath old boxes and barrels. These belong to the army stores, and contain gun and musket cartriges, and they will be of infinite service to us when we reach the town, if our enterprise should be in any degree successful. You will be in readiness on the morning of Tuesday next, before day light, to deliver said barrels to the order of Gen. Knox, the commander of the artillery corps. You will render a distinguished service to the cause, as well as a personal favor to myself, by sending to me a briefly written account of the number and disposition of the enemies forces occupying the town of Trenton, together with such other information as may be serviceable to us in our anticipated assault.

I am, in great confidence, yours, &c.,

George Washington.

With an enthusiasm never, perhaps, known before by a market maiden, did Deborah assist her friend Josey in the profitable disposal of his load of marketing, and not long before the hour for packing up to return home arrived, the same dignified form of old Mr. Leake was again seen wending his way among the wagons of the country people. As he passed along he again grasped the hand of Deborah, and with many kind salutations to her father and mother, he managed with adroitness to slip the note of reply into her fingers, and so, unperceived by any one, the precious missile found its place of concealment in her bosom.

She arrived safely at home, passing the sentries as before unchallenged. Her parents were in much anxiety on account of her absence, but they knew their daughter well, and they were entirely assured that some event of public importance, as had been hinted, could alone have prompted such a course. That night, punctually at ten, James was at the door. But he had not at this time to cast pebbles against the glass of the chamber to awaken from sleep his beloved Deborah; as may be expected, she was on the alert, and the first faint footfall that was heard in the yard below brought her to the door to receive him.

There was not now the stern necessity for haste as in the hurried interview previously. In anticipation of this and of an hour's enjoyment of his dear society, Deborah had been careful to renew the fire in the sitting-room after her parents had retired for the night. Nor was a bountiful supper wanting to the comfort of the poor, half-starved trooper, who had lain close in a thicket the whole day, with only the meagre contents of his wallet to satisfy the cravings of nature. His excellent Deborah was a noble provider among her other valued qualities, and gave substantial promise to him, by such forecast, how famous a housewife she would make for him when the troublesome war was over and done with, and when they could sit down "under their own vine and fig-tree," and reap the rich harvest of domestic security and home-felt peace. One other sweet season of that joy that lovers only know they now had, James and Deborah, as they sat together upon the old-fashioned settee, where they had so often sat in days past, when quietness prevailed throughout the neighborhood—there they sat, we say, their hands clasped, and gazing intently each into the other's very eyes. An hour or two of such calm and innocent, yet blessed and blissful delight, was an ample repayment—no doubt they thought so—for weari-some days, days, aye months of anxiety and toil. They were willing to endure, "to suffer and be strong," to wait for that bright hour to come, which was to unite them in the bonds of an inseperable tie, and so to complete that harmony which in heart and in hope was already so happily begun.

Poor James!—but we will not anticipate.

"Heaven from all creatures hides the book of Fate," and this worthy pair, ununited as yet in hand, but so thoroughly united in heart, were doomed to other and severer trials, as will be seen in the sequel.

Deborah recounted her adventures as a market lassie, and her heart was elevated with a proud feeling of satisfaction whilst she dwelt upon the details of her success It was a great thing to possess the personal consciousness of having done a praiseworthy act, an act of noble disinterestedness and duty. It was still a greater thing to have merited the applause of her lover, and to have appeared noble in his eyes; but greater far than all was the tribute which in after days she received in words of compliment from Washington's own lips.

But it was now time to separate, for it was midnight; the one, to the lonely road and to the busy camp, to convey to his commander the letter which had been duly delivered over to him by Deborah. As for herself she went to a sleepless pillow—her mind awhile agitated by the pleasing thoughts of her day's duties, and anon the tears of sorrowful forboding would flow apace.

The mission of young Schofield gave great satisfaction to Washington, and he was speedily promoted to the post of Orderly Sergeant in his own company, a vacancy then occurring; intelligence of an important character was obtained, and preparations were quietly made for an attack on the night before Christmas. Something great was to be undertaken soon, that was evident, but from the severity of the season, and the condition of the Delaware river, now flowing full of ice from bank to bank, no one for a moment supposed that Trenton was to be the object of attack. And even up to the very hour of marching on the night of Monday the 24th of December, the soldiers of the American army were ignorant of their destination; but when they drew near to the river, and hauled upon the bank of that lovely ferry (McKonkey's.) then they for the first time began to realize a painful apprehension of the toils, the hardships, and the dangers that awaited them.

The pencil of Sully has rendered the occasion ever memorable by his noble work of art which has been so often copied and reproduced in engravings. The quiet river still, to this day, rolls on in beauty, but you may look in vain for any association of the past except as they exist in your own bosom. You know of the historical fact, but of all the sufferings of that terrible night of "Washington crossing the Delaware," nothing, nothing remains. The actors themselves, officers and soldiers have all passed away. Here and there, perhaps, an octegenarian may be found, who with tremulous voice and even more tremulous hand will point you to the river, and feebly exclaim, "'Twas a sad night."

And the result too, of the attack upon Trenton, is well known—how that the army of Cornwallis was surprised and routed,—and nearly one thousand Hessians were captured as prisoners of war. These were marched over to Newtown, then the county seat of Buck's county, Pennsylvania, and there quartered. The old jail of that place now torn down, and the old stone Presbyterian Church, now torn up and made new and fashionable, were filled with these prisoners. This quiet village used to be rich in relics of revolutionary times, and the antiquarian may even yet find some ancient edifices there once trod by the feet of Washington and the good La Fayette.

Some few noble spirits fell a sacrifice upon the morning of the attack upon Trenton—one in particular deserves our attention and sympathy. It was James Schofield, our self-denying youth, whose patriotic bearing it has been our pleasure in this brief chronicle, to contemplate. He fell at the close of the action wounded though the body by a musket ball. He was fighting bravely at the head of his detachment when he recieved the wound which prostrated him to the earth. He felt, nay he had almost a presentiment, that the wound would prove mortal, and he directed that he should be immediately conveyed to the house of Nathan Sterling, which was done. We will not, cannot portray the sad scene of that meeting, between Deborah, and her now wounded, helpless, perhaps dying James! So different from the interview, the stolen and secret interview, they had enjoyed so short a time before.

During the few first days after the battle it was not supposed that the wound would necessarily prove fatal. Entire quiet was enjoyed, and all this, and all that surgical skill could affect, were secured to the wounded man. And by that bedside of suffering sat the patient and steadfast Deborah. She seemed to desire never to leave him, and whether she slept or ate was a thing scarcely to be observed by others, so completely was her existance dedicated, in fullness of sympathy, to him who lay there prostrate and bleeding and pale—apparently ebbing out the last sands of his youthful life, an offering upon the alter of his country. Day by day he seemed alternately to revive and decline; and day by day did hope and despair equally occupy a place in the bosom of his faithful nurse, his betrothed Deborah. She was strong minded however, beyond the generality of her sex, and even to the last glimmerings of the frail taper of life, she was never disqualified for her duty of watchfulness beside his bed. Whilst there was apparent hope she still felt the keenness of anxiety, lest such hope might prove to be ill founded; but when the delusive symptoms all failed, and when the reality of his situation was but too evident, then she armed herself for the blow, and meekly rested upon the assurances of God's own word, resolving in her own heart that "His will should be done?"

And so poor James Schofield died, and Deborah Sterling followed him to his last, long, lowly resting place in the grave. She gazed upon his noble but now cold and inanimate form, and she vowed a vow in her own breast of eternal fidelity to him alone. Not many years ago his tomb might have been seen in the old Trenton burying ground. It was erected after the war by the surviving soldiers of his company; it was

TO THE MEMORY OF
JAMES SCHOFIELD.
Aged 22.
He fell in the battle of Trenton in 1776.
Many hearts mourned his loss.

Yes, many hearts have mourned his loss, but among them all none was such a devoted heart as that which occupied the breast of Deborah Sterling. Faithful to her promise she never married. A long life spent in the active duties of charity and kindness to the sick, and to the afflicted and the unfortunate, and particularly to the widows and orphans of the revolutionary soldiers, was reserved to this lovely woman.

She died about 1816, and, at her own request was buried near to her beloved James. No stone marks the spot of her sepulchre. It was in accordance with her own request, for her mission on earth had been one of meekness and modest usefulness, and she wished that no emblazonment should be made upon her grave. Faithful to her early, her first, her only love, she had grown into reverence for his memory, and it was among the last requests she made, to be laid in silence and unostentation near his remains, and there she would rest in peace.

Anachronisms.

A gentleman of this city, distinguished for his brilliant wit, as well as fine legal attainments, told us that he once met with an old painting (by a French artist, which possessed considerable merit) of "The Lord's Supper," and that both ends of the table were decorated with tumblers, holding *cegar lighters*. Such *anachronisms* are very common. There is, we believe, a picture in this city at present, of "The Birth of Christ," where the Virgin Mary is represented as sleeping on a French bedstead of the most fashionable *mode* while Christ is lying in a modern washing tub. There is a celebrated picture in Germany of "The Garden of Eden"—Adam and Eve, of course, occupying a position in the fore-ground; while, in the back-ground, conspicuous, from his hunting costume, stands a German student, deliberately shooting ducks!—*Drawing Room Jour.*

☞ "Pa," said a little fellow the other day, "wasn't *Job an editor?*"

"Why Sammy?"

"Because the bible says he had much trouble, and was a man of

Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 5, 1851.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER,

OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

SETH CLOVER,

OF CLARION COUNTY.

For Justices of the Supreme Bench.

JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Somerset.
JAMES CAMPBELL, of Philadelphia.
ELLIS LEWIS, of Lancaster.
JOHN B. GIBSON, of Cumberland.
WALTER H. LOWRIE, of Allegheny.

☞ We issue and send the *Observer* to its subscribers this week on Friday morning, instead of Saturday, in order to let the hands in the office, as well as ourself, enjoy the "glorious fourth." We might have waited, we suppose, and sent out on Saturday as usual, but for *fear of accidents*, and to insure its issue, we concluded to take "time by the forelock" and be prepared to work or—get sober—on Saturday.

Small Business.

Erie is famous for small things—such as "small potatoes," small "gi nerals," and small law suits; but the smallest of the two latter animals, we are called upon just now to notice. It is generally known that the Franklin Canal Company's road passes across the land of Gen. Reed, a short distance above town, and that a jury legally appointed by the Court awarded a certain amount of damages for so doing. The company gave ample security, in accordance with law, and, we believe, even tendered the money for the amount. Bills of exceptions, however, were filed against such awards by Reed and others, at the adjourned Court week before last, and a writ of injunction against the Road asked for. The hearing of these several proceedings the Court postponed until August. In the meantime, the Contractors on the Western Road put their men at work, as they had a right to do, for they had complied with all the provisions of the law. Reed and his harpies, however, finding themselves foiled at every turn, and seeing no other way of stopping or retarding the building of the Western road, resorted on Wednesday to the smallest of all small tricks to accomplish their ends. They procured writs, and arrested the workmen employed upon that part of the road, running across the "general's" land, for trespass. More, this magnanimous man, to whom the people of Erie county and North Western Pennsylvania owe so much, for having furnished them in times past with the *best kind of broken bank currency* from his rag mill in this city, threatens to commence similar prosecutions every day! Of course the people in the Western part of the county, and the people of Erie, will feel under renewed obligations to the President of the Erie Bank for again favoring them in his *peculiar* way. And of course the people in the same locality will be willing to see their road stopped to gratify this man's *slightly developed love of gain* which, as everybody know, has'nt been gratified at all by his contracts upon the North East road, or by exploded Banks. But we shall see what we shall see.

☞ The papers in the interest of Mr. Buchanan, in this State, are trading quite extensively upon the fact that a paper in Baltimore, of little influence and less circulation, called the "Baltimore county Jacksonian," has declared for their favorite for the Presidency. The old and reliable organ of the Democracy, however, the Baltimore *Argus*, takes the wind out of that sail in this wise:

Our friend of the "Baltimore County Jacksonian" has raised the name of James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, at his mast-head, as the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. He forgets that Lewis Cass is the almost unanimous choice of the Democracy of Maryland.

☞ The Chicago *Argus* has hoisted the name of Stephen A. Douglass, for President, "subject to the decision of the Baltimore Convention." Almost every Democratic paper in Illinois has run up the same flag; and a glorious flag it is, too, which, should not our favorite, the gallant Houston, be nominated, we will fight under with good heart and confident of Victory.

☞ The Steamer *Albany* has been withdrawn from the Wall Eagle Buffalo, Erie, and Cleveland line, and chartered to the New York and Erie Railroad Company, to run between Dunkirk, Sandusky and Toledo. Her place is to be supplied by the "J. D. Morton."

☞ Mr. Greely writes that should the Crystal Palace be consumed by fire, the inevitable loss must exceed $100,000,000, even should the most precious articles be saved. He says ten minutes without wind, or five minutes with it, would wrap the whole edifice in flames, and not a hundredth part of the value of the building and contents would remain at the close of an hour.

☞ We are pleased to learn that Lieut McDougal has been attached to the United States Steamer, Michigan, on this station, vice Lieut. Blocker, detached.

☞ Of course, all the Circus-goers—and we should like to see the man, woman or child that don't go, in Erie—will be pleased to see that "Dan Rice," the veritable Dan, the laughter-provoking Dan, *will perform in* Erie one week from to-day.

☞ We neglected last week to acknowledge our indebtedness to Capt. Downes, of the Troy, for some of the most delicious White Fish, fresh from Lake Huron, we have tasted for some time. They were fit for the table even of an Editor, and decidedly too good for a prince. By the by, we are glad to learn that the Troy and its Captain are general favorites, and are piling up *the dimes*.

☞ The Turkish Costume.—A meeting of ladies in favor of the new costume was held on Saturday in New York, and was well attended. Mrs. M. S. Grove Nichols was chosen President; Miss Sarah Townsend, Secretary; Mrs. Torbet and Mrs. Halleck, Committee on Resolutions; Mrs. Post, and Miss Purday, Committee on Finance. A series of resolutions denouncing the present fashion and recommending the new one, which they call "neither Turkish nor Persian, but American," was reported and passed almost unanimously, only seven ladies voting in the negative. Some of the officers of the meeting were dressed in the new costume. It is said a number of ladies intend to appear in Broadway in the new costume during the coming week.

"Rats Leave a Sinking Ship."

It is said "rats leave a sinking ship," and here is an instance. Hon. Lucius B. Peck, who was nominated for the office of Governor of Vermont, by the Free Soil Convention which recently assembled at Burlington, declines the nomination and gives reasons for so doing, in the last Montpelier *Patriot*.

The reasons are that he cannot assent to the resolutions passed by the Convention, denouncing the Compromise measures of the last Congress and those who aided in their enactment and stand by them. Moreover, he believes the fugitive slave law to be *Constitutional*, and he could not consent that the act passed by the last Legislature of Vermont, authorizing the State Courts to take by *habeas corpus*, a slave out of the hands of United States officers, was a just exercise of the powers of a State, but rather, a nullifying act; and Mr. P. having been until the last three or four years a straight-out democrat, does not choose to occupy any such ground, or continue any longer a political association with the Whigs, Free-Soilers and Abolitionists who do occupy it.

☞ A counterfeit gold dollar has been detected in Philadelphia, and is described as greasy to the touch, rather [illegible] genuine, of lighter color, and has a dull leaden ring. The words "United States of America," and "One dollar," are dull, not having the clear, sharp appearance of the genuine. Persons receiving gold coin [illegible] upon their guard.

Union and Harmony of the Democracy.

Although the nomination of Col. Bigler at Reading displayed a unanimity unparalleled in politics, yet the response from the people is still more unanimous. From every section of the State, the indications are that our candidates for Governor and Canal Commissioner will receive an undivided and unanimous support from the party, while Col. Bigler's popularity it is confidently predicted, will, in many counties, make serious inroads upon the Whig strength. Gov. Johnston was never popular with his party, and was only elected in 1848 by the unfortunate nomination of the Democracy, aided by their culpable supineness. Besides, Johnston's position, and the position of the Convention that nominated him, upon the Compromise measures of the last Congress—measures sanctioned and approved by a Whig President and Cabinet—must alienate many Whigs from his support. We say must, because the same Convention that nominated Johnston, passed a resolution nominating Gen. Scott for the Presidency over the head of Mr. Fillmore. What matters it to the National Whigs, the friends of Fillmore, if the Convention did pass an unmeaning complimentary resolution favorable to the present administration, if they rendered such praise, slight even as it was, nugatory by taking a new candidate, without civil qualifications, and nominating him over the head of the present incumbent. But these bickerings of the faithful aside. Col Bigler will be supported by a united party—a party that never was defeated when such was the case. Johnston will be supported by a majority of the Whigs, and although he will make a gallant fight, for he is fruitful in expedients and unscrupulous as to means, his doom is sealed. The Democracy are going into the contest determined to conquer—to redeem the Keystone State—and our Whig friends can rest assured they will do so. Whatever may be said in regard to Presidential matters, on the nominations for Governor and Canal Commissioner the party is united and enthusiastic.

"Have a Trade."

On our outside will be found a miscellaneous article with the above head. It contains sound advice to the young—it speaks in tones of admonition to parents to give their boys a trade. But a more pointed admonition—one that will come home to the heart of every parent—was enacted in Buffalo last week. It was the trial and conviction of two young men, Knickerbocker and Hall, for the murder of a German jeweler, named Hackner, in that city last winter. They went into his shop one evening, and while one engaged him in conversation, the other stole a watch. Soon after they were gone the German missed his property, and pursued them, overtook and grappled with one, and was shot down by the other. They were arrested a few days after in Warren in this State, carried back to Buffalo, and last week one was sentenced to be hung on Tuesday, the 19th of August next, and the other to the States Prison for ten years. The history of these young men is summed up by the *Republic* thus:

"Hiram Knickerbocker is between 27 and 28 years of age, and was born in the eastern part of this State. His parents are both dead, but he has several brothers, two of whom were present during his trial. One is a twin brother of the prisoner. HE WAS EDUCATED TO NO TRADE, and has chiefly been employed as a waiter on steamboats and at taverns. His height is about five feet seven. He is of fair complexion, good-looking, and slim. His general appearance is rather favorable."

This young man was sent out into the world by mistaken parents, *with no trade*. He was left to get his living as best he could, not by the sweat of his brow at the Smith's forge, or Carpenter's bench, but by his wits, and the end is a halter. His whole history is told in the simple sentence, "He was educated to no trade." And here is the history of his accomplice in crime:

"Chauncey Hall is 21 years of age, and was born in Springfield, Mass. HE WAS BROUGHT UP TO NO TRADE, but had a decent education, and possesses good natural ability. His father is living, and was present during his trial. He is about five feet four in height, stout built, of light complexion, and pleasing countenance."

He, too, "was brought up to no trade," and his father who "was present during his trial," heard the judge sentence his son to the Penitentiary for ten years. Had he given his son a trade, in all human probability, he would have been spared the pain, the agony, and the disgrace of such a scene. Again we repeat, "*Have a trade.*"

A FACT WORTH REMEMBERING.—We conversed yesterday with a friend who has just returned from Illinois. He is largely interested in lands lying in the interior of that State. For fifteen years past these lands have been offered for sale at merely nominal prices, but purchasers could not be found at any price. Since it is ascertained, however, that the Central and other railroads are to be built, the lands have at once appreciated in value, and he states that they could be readily sold at an average of $5 per acre, whilst those in the vicinity of the proposed roads would bring much more.—*St. Louis Intelligencer.*

Here is a significant fact, and a practical test of the influence of railroads upon the value of property which land-owners along the surveyed route of the Sunbury and Erie road would do well to "make a note of" for future reference. The increased value which the construction of such a thoroughfare as the Sunbury and Erie road would impart to the immense tracts of wild land lying between Erie and Sunbury would more than build the road. At present these lands, though abounding with valuable timber and minerals, are comparatively worthless, because there is no means of making such productions available in market; but once open a channel of communication like this road, and a stream of emigration would flow in, and then a stream of wealth flow out, unprecedented in the history of new settlements. But the country between Erie and Sunbury is not alone valuable because of its timber and minerals. It is an excellent agricultural and grazing country, equal to any other of similar extent in the State. To have such a tract of country as this settled and brought under cultivation by a hardy and industrious community of farmers is alone an object worthy of the best endeavors of a great State like Pennsylvania; but when we add to this the inevitable fact that it will secure to the State the immense trade and travel of the Lake Basin, and much of that of the great and growing west—that it will give to Philadelphia and Erie the control of this great trade, and make one the commercial metropolis of the Atlantic and the other of the Lakes, it must be apparent to every Pennsylvanian that the Sunbury and Erie road is an improvement from which results will flow of much more importance to the State at large than any work yet undertaken within our borders.

☞ HUMBUGGING THE PEOPLE.—Just see, says the N. Y. Day book, how soon the newspapers stop puffing and the people stop applauding Jenny Lind, after Barnum has dropped her. She is the same woman, sings just as sweetly, is just as charitable, just as good and just as amiable as when all New York were running after her, throwing up their hats and screaming with delight over her charming songs. But Barnum has left her! The newspapers are no longer paid to puff her! Nobody says that she is so wonderfully, *wonderfully great!* and the people—the extraordinary wise people—can see nothing about her concerts worth paying three dollars to hear.—When Barnum told them that she was the greatest singer the world ever produced, and that the demand for tickets was beyond all calculation, every body was crazy to buy them at five, eight and ten dollars, but now, when there is nothing but the singing to hear, they will not pay that amount for them. Who says the public is not an ass?

☞ The July number of "The Western Literary Messenger," is received. The Original and Selected matter is of the highest order, and suited to all tastes. Jewett, Thomas & Co., publishers, Buffalo. J. Clement, Editor.

SORRY.—We are extremely *sorry* that our neighbors of the Observer have backed out from the recent editorial fracas with us. We anticipated some fun, which the valiant withdrawal from the field, of the Observer's forces, has debarred us from having. We, however, are consoled with the hope, that, at no distant day, we may again be compeled to give the Observer a drubbing, which shall be done with a good grace.—*Com. Adv.*

Comments.—"It is my opinion," said O'Brien, that that gentleman has eaten a great deal of flap-doodle, in his day."

"What is flap-doodle," said I,

"The stuff they bring up cola upon," replied O'Brien. —*Peter Simple.*

LETTERS FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

Correspondence of the Erie Observer.

LARREDO, TEXAS, May 16th, 1851.

DEAR FRANK: In the changeful fortunes of a frontier life I find myself addressing you from this point.

The route from Rio Grande City to this place lies, for the most part, over the prairies; and as a short description of the scenery may afford some amusement to your readers, I hasten to lay the same before you.

Taking advantage of a military escort, *en route* from Ringgold Barracks to Fort McIntosh, I attached myself as fancy aid to the Lieutenant in command. We started on the evening of the 10th inst. Our way lay through a thick chapparel region, over a hot, sandy road, possessing but little interest, until we arrived at the "Escobas," a camping place where wells have been dug, some twenty-three miles from our point of departure. The country had been *well-watered by recent rains*, and the grass grew in great abundance. Wild Magay, that most useful of Mexican plants, the juice of which it has been discovered is a sovereign, and only available antidote for scurvy; the Wyacan, or soap tree, the root of which possesses fine medicinal qualities, besides being superior to anything else for the cleansing of woolen goods, flourished at every step. We sunk to rest upon upon the green carpet of mother earth, variegated as it was by numberless gay flowers, burthening the atmosphere with their wild perfume.

At early dawn we were again in the saddle, and soon emerged into broken patches of prairie, the abrupt highlands of the immediate valley of the Rio Grande, gradually moulding into long undulating swells, covered with a very sparse growth of the "musquite" the resemblance of which to our peach tree produced the delightful hallucination of traveling through an old worn out orchard of vast dimensions, thrown open for regeneration; and every eminence you rose, the traveler looked for the spire of some village church. After traveling about eighteen miles, we suddenly dropped down upon some sand hills, in the midst of which is situated the wells of "Saint Antonio." Surrounded by bold drifting sand-hills, are two wells, finely walled, and connected by a cement tank about one hundred feet in length. These are all that remain of one of the most extensive cattle farms in the valley. The remains of many others are also to be found. Very old men speak of a time gone by when these pastoral lords were like Abraham, and Isaac for "they had possession of flocks and possession of herds, and great store of servants," and were "very rich in cattle, in silver and in gold." But the red vandals of the great mountains saw that they waxed great, and fell upon them with their destroying hand. The proprietor of Saint Antonio is said to have watered ten thousand head of cattle. Emerging from this little "Sahara," the road strikes as beautiful a prairie as eye could rest upon. The rains seemed to have nourished everything into renewed life, and over the hills were seen wild cattle, hogs, and *herds of deer*, nipping with great apparent gusto the tender grass. As we wound our lonely path near them they scampered off like mad. About ten miles from our last camp, near a water hole, and standing in the shadow of an ebony, was a grave marked by a rude wooden cross. "This," quoth the Lieutenant, "is the grave of Napoleon." He whose youth had been tested in the severities of a Russian Campaign, whose eyes had looked upon burning Moscow, and the glories of Bordino and Eylau; who knew the dangers of Dantsic, and whose ear was familiar with the thunders of Friedland, was to find a miserable grave on the prairies of Texas. We had the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with Napoleon, dating as far back as the year '47, and it might, perhaps, be proper for us to state that he was not the veritable Emperor, that greatest of great Generals and statesmen, whose superhuman genius swayed the destinies of the European world for twenty eventful years; who dragged the ploughshare of destruction over its fair face, crushed kingdoms at a blow, diminished empires, and built his own imperial throne on the ruins thereof. No—but as faithful an old Dutchman as ever followed him to the field. He was then a soldier in the American army, and though minus the "helmet of mail," he still delighted in as savage a mustache as ever bristled on the lip of a member of the "Old" or "Imperial Guard." Poor fellow! it was scarcely a week before he met his fate that he complained to this historian of his altered fortunes. "I tells you what," quoth he, "I'se no gambler. I makes mine living mit work, I don't gamble and steal; so I makes passengers and sells tem to te teamsters in de train, but now dis tam greaser tief, he commences, and puts in pad meat, and sells tem sheeper tan I—and by Got, I'se going to Larredo." It was on this passage up that, by imprudently riding a mile or so ahead of the government train, he fell a victim to Indian cruelty. We were now upon the great prairie and sandy waste, which, extending from the gulf, occupies the space between the Rio Grande and Nueces, far up into the mountain spurs and finally heading the fountains of the latter, and known in the classical language of the country as the "Jackass prairie." It abounds in antelope, wild cattle, deer, and horses, whilst its "motts" or "jungles" frequently conceal the bear, tiger-cat, panther, and even the South American lion. One finds the heat of the sun is excessive, and would be insupportable were it not for a strong South Easterly wind which springs up in the morning about nine o'clock. After a march of twenty three miles we encamped at a salt lake, where fresh water is obtained by digging little pits by the margin. In one of these pits I observed a very curious piece of benevolence on the part of a toad towards an unfortunate mouse. The little fellow by some mischance had got into this miniature well, and found the walls so precipitate as to defy all efforts at climbing; he struggled until exhausted, and finally took refuge upon the back of this compassionate toad. We let the mouse free, and have thought better of *toad-dom* from thenceforth. Our course up to this moment had been north, but now we changed more westerly. We were within fifteen miles of Capt. Ford's Camp of Texas Rangers, a party of whom we met on a hunt for wild cattle—a swarthy, whiskered set of *blades*, apparently ripe for any devilment that might turn up. I picked up by the roadside what I suppose to be one of their letters, which I forward to you as a specimen of prairie literature. Three miles from the lake we headed the little "Abberques," and six miles farther on encamped at the great "Abberques." This name *is given to two great gullies or arroyso, extending from* the Rio Grande thirty-five or forty miles into the prairies, forming immense sewers, by which the surplus water finds its way from this comparatively level region. A direct course from our starting point would have led us nearly north-west, but to avoid these obstacles the military, in constructing the road were forced into this circuitous route. We had passed the region of rains, and now had a march of forty-seven miles before reaching another camping point. This we effected by a march of twelve hours, mostly in the night. Didn't we bless the rod of Moses as we drained the first cupfull?

The next move we entered this old Spanish town, after a march of one hundred and twenty-two miles. Larredo was founded about one hundred and fifty years ago, but is now crumbling in every part. I should say there are over twelve hundred souls in it, most of whom are as poor as church mice. The country about it is scarcely ever free from Indians, and at this very writing murders are fresh in its environs.

One mile and a half above, on the river bank, is situated the garrison of Fort McIntosh, where we were received by an open-handed, stout-hearted old Captain, as commanding officer, and as merry a set of subordinates as one would "hob-knob" with in a year's travel. One steamer found its way up to this point, and if commerce would justify, doubtless a class of boats could be constructed to ply to a point forty miles beyond, at all seasons, without difficulty. Yours, &c. OMEGA.

☞ FANATICISM.—A clergyman in New Orleans writes to a friend in Boston—"The anti-slavery folly in the North, has so affected Southern minds, that they will have none of your preachers or periodicles. The injury done by abolitionism is inconceivable. I used to think that prominent agents in this fanaticism were honest; but I observed with horror that they persuaded the slave Sims, to *perjure* himself, by swearing that he had never been in bondage."

SIFTINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGES

WITH EDITORIAL DASHES BY A FREE PEN.

☞ The Editors of the Chicago *Tribune* have sued Wentworth of the Chicago *Democrat* for libel. Small business, that.

☞ We heard of a very charitable man the other day. He has kept a poor family on spoilt meat for the last two years.

☞ The *ne plus ultra* of JOKING.—The Boston *Post* says the reason why the Bloomer costume goes so well is, that it has *legs*.

☞ Use every body well; but if a man wilfully steps on your corns, you have a right to push him off; and if you do it so hard that he thinks a horse kicked him, he has no right to complain. There's our sentiments.

☞ An exchange tells of a gentleman who, determined to outdo the horticulturist that raised chickens from Egg-plants, has succeeded in producing a colt from a horse chestnut, and a calf from a *cow*-ard.

☞ One of our cotemporaries truly observe that it is fully as impertinent to ask an Editor the name of some of his correspondents, as an old maid to tell her age, and will get the truth just as soon.

☞ A Missouri critic, in speaking of Jenny Lind, says, if she is not a good singer she ought to be; for God has been over six thousand years in making her. How long was he in making Barnum?

☞ The newspapers tell us that the British Parliament, at a recent session, voted $355,000 for the Queen's stables, and at the same session refused $150,000 for national education. Whereat the said people exclaim "God save the Queen!"

☞ We heard the other day a funny story of an artiste who painted a cow and cabbage so natural that he was obliged to seperate them before they were finished, because the cow *commenced eating the cabbage!* The secret was, however, that the cow painted was owned by a *Tailor*.

☞ The Montour Iron Works, at Danville, Pa., are busily engaged in rolling out the rail for the Williamsport and Elmira railroad.—*Pitts. Com. Journal.*

What! under the "British tariff of '46!" Why don't you send the Lancaster resolutions down to Danville—these men will "ruin" themselves, certain!

☞ That was an apt illustration given by a western Editor in urging young men to rely upon their own exertions. "A wild turkey," says he, "knows more than a tame one can dream in a year. He makes his own living and gathers his own food; he seeks his own shelter and protection and trusts to his own ingenuity for his safety, instead of relying upon the ingenuity of his dad for forty years."

☞ *A Turk.*—Some wag dressed up a mulatto man as a Turk, and had him parading the streets of Boston, on Friday, as a burlesque on the Bloomer dress.—*Queen City.*

We question whether a person engaged in such a disreputable piece of business displays much *sagacity*, unless he has *long ears*, which we presume was the case.

☞ CAN'T PUT IT OUT.—Some cute chap has published a protest against the project of extinguishing the fires of Vesuvious by introducing the waters of the Mediterranean through a canal into the base of the mountain. He fears that the effect would be to blow up the earth, or at least, to blow off that side of the globe, when the machinery being thrown out of gear, we should go to pot, or fly to the moon in double quick time.

A CARD.—Some wags of Baltimore have been amusing themselves with the presentation of a cane to somebody in Washington, who has employed his genius heretofore in "saving the Union."—*Rochester Times.*

Presenting canes is becoming fashionable. The wag of the Louisville "*Sunday Varieties*" presented his to a blackguard on the wharf in that city the other day, with such force that he broke it all to pieces.

☞ Ten thousand persons of Cincinnati went over across the river to witness the hunt of a Buffalo by some Indians, but the affair proving a sham—the animal showing no fight—they were enraged, fired at the Indians, and came back to this city, and commenced a mobocratic attack on Wood's Museum, whose proprietor they alleged got up the humbug hunt, but the city authorities *interfeared and broke up the riot.* Ten ringleaders were arrested.

☞ The school-Master has gone to California. Here is the evidence of it, from the California *Courier:*

PHOR SAIL HEAR

Boots & Shooz, Melasses, Winneger, Pork & Beens, candles, pipes, tin kittles, oysters, clams, bear skins, sider, brandy, wood, tobakker, hats, cappe, nutmegs, pertaters & other tin wear; besides a lot of other things which aint menshined hear.

PHEED

PHOR SAIL HEAR, IN ENNY QWONTITY BY THE QWORT.

☞ The newer the country, the more hospitable the people are. Where houses are as far apart as counties, a stranger is as welcome as a newspaper, and is commonly used as one. The moment he arrives, he is "put to press," and what is more, kept there until the news that has happened for the last six months, is thoroughly squeezed out of him, and bottled up for future use. A man that tells a good murder story, could travel from one end of Indiana to the other, without its costing him the first red cent.

☞ If all John Bull's questions are answered he will get some much needed information from the Yankee delegation to the World's Fair. A correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* tells of one portly snob, who inquired if Americans ever rode in carriages. Another intelligent Johnny wanted to know if the Rocky Mountains could be seen from New York. "Dear sir," lisped a great lady in a watered silk, "have the goodness to inform me if there are any noblemen in the United States?" "Yes marm," answered a full fed Jonathan, who was showing off the beauties of a cream freezer, "and I am one of them."

☞ WHAT IS AN EDITOR?—The Rochester Daily *Times* answers this question by stating that an Editor is one who reads newspapers, selects miscellany, writes articles on all subjects, sets type, reads proof, works at press, folds, packs up and directs papers, and sometimes carries them—prints jobs, runs on errands, saws wood, works in the garden, takes care of babies and rocks the cradle, talks to all his patrons who call, patiently receives blame for a thousand things that never were and never can be done, has scarce time to enjoy the quiet of "natures restorative," sleep, and esteems himself peculiarly fortunate if he is not assaulted and battered by some unprincipled demagogue, who loves puppet shows, and hires the rabble with a glass of brandy to raise him to some petty office. That's an Editor.

☞ Whether the scene described below happened here, or in some foreign clime—whether it was upon the bank of some "raging canawl," or on the shore of some quiet lake, whose gentle ripples, laving the pebbly beech, made music for "love's young dream"—is none of the reader's business. So, also, is equally no ones business whether we saw "with living eyes" the story we are about to relate, or clipt it whole from "imagination's unbound volume." Suffice it for the reader to know that at a certain time and place, a gentle youth was walking in the moonlight; and as youths seldom walk in the moonlight alone, (particularly if their "mother don't know they're out,") so also was our youth not alone. His name was Augustus, and upon his arm was Emeline, the beautiful, and they had wandered forth to contemplate Nature and adore each other. The moon looked down serenely from the blue canopy, and the little stars twinkled in merry scintillations upon the fair scene of the *love that was enacting beneath them.* Here, said Augustus, as he gazed upon the fair being beside him, and in her read corresponding rapture with his own, here let us for a while recline, and the moon and stars shall keep us company in the harmony of our love. A shriek rang out frantically upon the evening air, as Augustus disappeared down the bank of the Lake or "Canawl," as the case may be, and rolled to the ditch beneath the hill, which received him in its embrace, kerchunk! The beautiful Emeline wrung her hands in agony while Augustus wrung his vest, reeking with the mud and water that invested it.

Moral.—Don't look into eyes "lit with love" on the bank of the Canal, especially when the moon is hid by a cloud!

"An Unfortunate Vote."

The nomination of *John Strohm* for Canal Commissioner, by the Whigs last week, brings to mind a scene that transpired at Philadelphia about a year ago. A Whig Convention was in session, and among its other business was the nomination of a candidate for Canal Commissioner. Among others named for that office, but *not nominated*, was one John Strohm, of Lancaster—the veritable gentleman nominated at Lancaster last week. And why was he not nominated then? Simply because he had given "an unfortunate vote" in Congress, and that vote was *against* appropriations for supplies to our army in Mexico, commanded by Gen. Scott. In the Convention of 1850, Mr. Gibbons stated that "if Strohm were nominated, he would, in consequence of voting in Congress against supplies for the American troops, during the Mexican War, be a most unpopular candidate. This brought Mr. Dickey, of Lancaster, to his feet, and he indignantly repelled the charge. A kind of small fight was then got up to avoid going into an election, but Mr. Dickey succeeded in getting his resolution adopted. Mr. Cornyn then took the floor and eulogized Mr. Sadler, and took the same ground as Mr. Gibbons, in reference to Mr. Strohm's 'unfortunate vote' about supplies for the war with Mexico." We wonder if the Whigs think this "unfortunate vote" is forgotten, while Gen. Scott's military services are alone remembered, that they should have perpetrated such a paradoxical blunder as to have nominate a man that voted against granting supplies to an army lead by the very man they place at the head of their ticket. If they do, they will find the people have not. From every *Clover* field in the State John Strohm's "unfortunate vote" will rise up against him.

Europe and America.

The London *Athenæum*, in speaking of the increased facilities for intercommunication between Europe and America, says six years ago there were but four steamships plying between the Old World and the New. Within the last year, Liverpool, Halifax, and New-York have been brought into weekly communications in summer—fortnightly in winter. But this arrangement no longer meets the ever-growing wants of the two countries. This month, it has been determined by the British and North American Royal Mail steamship Company to run their vessels every week throughout the year. More persons already pass between England and America, than between England and the Continent; but there is this difference, that the great majority pass over the wide Atlantic never to return to the old country. Could the cost of transit be lowered, there would be a vast deal more tripping and touring of middle class Englishmen in the United States, with a probability of much good resulting from it to both countries. The amount of communication is increasing so rapidly, that in ten years from this time we shall probably have our daily departures and arrivals at Galway, Liverpool and Southampton, to and from one continent, as we have now at Folkestone, Dover and Ramsgate, to and from the other.

☞ It is amusing to note what a *different* effect the resolutions of the Democracy of Pennsylvania have upon whig papers in different sections of the country. For instance, the Pittsburgh *Commercial Journal* stigmatizes them, upon every conceivable occasion, as a "base bowing of the knee" to conciliate the South—as a bid for Southern votes, &c., &c. Of course this is to array the abolition and free soil vote against our nominees. Whether it will succeed, or rather whether it will secure them for their whig candidates, remains to be seen. On the other hand, the August election in Kentucky renders it necessary that the whig papers in that State should put a different face upon the matter, accordingly we find the Louisville *Courier*, a captain in the same army with the *Journal*, studiously endeavoring to impress upon its readers the idea that the Democratic party of the North is, *per see*, the free soil party of the Union, and that the recent conventions in this State furnish abundant evidence that, even in the Keystone State, the abolition sentiment of opposition to the Compromise measures pervades the Democratic masses. To accomplish this it seizes upon the fact that in the Harrisburg convention, a very young and valliant soldier, who wished to distinguish himself in the eyes of *his* patron, commenced an unprovoked and personal attack upon Mr. Wilmot, and was hissed down—not because the convention approved of Wilmot's course or sentiments, but because they deemed the attack *unprovoked and uncalled for!* But the question between Mr. Brower and Mr. Wilmot aside—We merely took up our pen to note the different positions of two papers of the same party upon the same subject, but located in different parts of the Union.

STATISTICS OF CALIFORNIA MINING.—The *Placer Times* has an interesting calculation of the present population of California and the yield of the mines, based on careful observation. We copy the most important paragraphs:

The entire population of the State we set down at 314,000, which we believe is as nearly correct as the means at hand will allow us to approximate.

For the past year we do not believe that over one-*third of our citizens have actually been engaged in* mining. After deducting that portion of our population which has been engaged in trade, transporting merchandise, agricultural pursuits, and in moving from place to place, we think the estimate which we have made is fully as great as facts will bear us out in giving. We therefore place the number of persons who have been engaged in mining the past year, at one hundred thousand.—These men, we will suppose, have worked three hundred days, and have produced upon an average, three and a third dollars each per day, which gives in the aggregate one hundred millions of dollars.

This amount of gold dust, we believe has actually been taken from the mines during the past twelve months, which under all the circumstances, may be deemed an extraordinary yield.

The produce of the mines for the coming twelve months, we believe will greatly exceed that of the last. In any event it can hardly fall short of the estimate we have given, while it may greatly exceed it.

We think it is but reasonable to believe, that one hundred and fifty millions of dollars will be taken from the mines within the next twelve months.—The experince which miners have had, with a much better knowledge of the country, will enable them to work in a more systematic manner, and accomplish greater results in less time.

A WOMAN TURNED BOY!—The Wayne County (Ohio) Democrat of the 12th inst., in announcing the "distinguished arrivals" at Canton, says:

"But—but—the most distinguished of all, was the arrival of a nice, neat, delicate well dressed and thoroughly arranged little boy, on Friday evening last, in company with a Rail Road Contractor.—They remained here for a few days and promenaded our streets extensively—every man admiring the beauty of the little boy. On Tuesday however, a man from Brighton came along and claimed the *boy* as his *wife!!* [Heavens.] and stated that she had eloped ten days previous. On examination, his story was ascertained to be true—he took the *woman*, and the Railroad contractor made tracks for the country at a rate of "two-forty."

☞ We noticed a new feature in our railroad travel yesterday. One car was almost entirely filled with Lumbermen, who had floated down the Ohio and Mississippi from the pine regions of the Allegheny river, in Pennsylvania and New York. These men visit all points from Pittsburgh, to New Orleans; and after disposing of their lumber, find their way home with the proceeds in their pockets.—Heretofore they have taken the steamboats for Pittsburgh, and then get to their homes as best they could. They now take the cars at Cincinnati in the morning, and the next morning find themselves at Erie, Pa., Dunkirk or Buffalo; and from these places, the means of getting to their homes are direct and rapid. They save some day's time, and some dollars in money by taking the new route.—*Ohio State Journal.*

A SPICY PARAGRAPH.—"What is the use of living?" asked Jack Simonds the other day. "We are flogged for crying when we are babies—flogged because the master is cross, when we are boys—obliged to toil sick or well, or starve, when we are men—to work still harder (and suffer somethiug worse!) when we are husbands—and, after exhausting life and strength in the service of other people, die and leave our children to quarrel about the possession of fathers watch, and our wives—to catch somebody else"—*Boston Post.*

Treaty With Oregon Indians.

We learned yesterday at the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that Commissioners appointed by the President of the United States to treat with the Indians of Oregon, West of the Cascade mountains, for the purchase of their lands, have concluded a treaty with the Santiam band of the Callapooya tribe of Indians, by which they cede to the United States a portion of the Williamett valley, about 50 miles in length and about twenty in width. And they have likewise concluded a treaty with the Twallaty band of the same tribe, including a country, about 50 miles in length and about 20 miles in width. The lands ceded by these treaties are among the most valuable in the Williamett valley.

These Indians without any exception, manifested a fixed and settled determination not, under any circumstances, or for any consideration, to remove; and they urged, this other reasons for not doing so, that there fathers had lived and were buried in this country; that it was their native land, and that they wished to be buried by the graves of their ancestors; that they were unacquainted with the country East of the Cascade mountains, and were ignorant of the means of procuring a livelihood in any other than the one which they now live, and that it would be more merciful for the whites to exterminate them at once than to drive them from this country East of the Cascade mountains. A number of persons who are now residing within the limits of those reservations expressed entire willingness to have the Indians remain where they now are, and their belief that other settlers in the neighborhood entertain similar feelings.

The commisoner s explained to them the advantages which would result to them from having a large portion of the purchase money of their lands appropriated for the establishment of schools among them, and in the procuring of agricultural implements; but they wholly refused to have any portion of it expended in educational purposes, and only the Twallaty band consented to allow a small portion to be expended in farming utensils.

A large portion of both those bands are at all times living in white families in the capacity of servants, and are represented as being very useful to the white population of the country. It is the opinion of the Commissioners that the most feasible plan for the civilization and enlightenment of the Indians of this country is to permit them to remain in the neighborhood of the white settlements, and to be employed in the various industrial pursuits of the white men. These Indians, unlike those on the east side of the Rocky mountains, are not only willing, but anxious to adopt the habits of civilized life; and for this reason it was stipulated to pay a large portion of their annuities in clothing. Most of them have, for a number of years past, been in the habit of receiving money for their services, and have a tolerably correct view of its value.

The treaty has to be acted upon by the Senate of the United States.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

PEPSIN, an artificial Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice! a great Dyspepsia curer, prepared from Rennet, or the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig the great Physiogical Chemist by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11 North Eighth Street Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation and Debility, curing after nature's own method, by nature's own agent the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF THE ABOVE ARTICLE JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY CARTER AND BROTHER, NO. 8, REED HOUSE. Also, by DR. P. HALL, No. 1, HUGHS' BLOCK.

☞ The valuable Hoofland Bitters, which have acquired so extensive a popularity, and command so large a sale, are prepared only by Dr. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, No 120, Arch street, Philadelphia. These bitters have a well merited renown for the cure of liver complaint, dyspepsia, chronic or nervous debility, etc., in relieving which they have no equal, and have indeed proved a blessing to thousands, who regret Dr. Jackson as their preserver *from an untimely grave*. We have seen the most obstinate cases of dyspepsia speedily and radically cured by them. The surest test of the excellence of an article is its being counterfeited; this is the case with these Bitters. To obtain the genuine, go to Dr. Jackson's authorized agents.

MARRIED.

On the 30th ult., by the Rev. C. Sharman, Mr. Gabriel Huff, of Gains, Orleans county, N. Y., and Miss Fanny Comptoon, of Millcreek, Erie county, Pa.

On the 26th ult., by Rev. C. Sharman, Mr. Joseph Montague, and Miss Elizabeth Snyder, both of this city.

On the 26th ult., by Rev. P. Osborn, Mr. H. E. Sterns, to Miss Lucinda Tracy, all of Girard.

DIED.

In Conneaut, on the 17th ult., John S. son of A. M. and C. Gray, aged 7 years and 7 months.

In Springfield, on the 21st ult., of quick consumption, Mrs. Ianthe, wife of John Eagley, Esq., in her 32d year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

DOCT. W. B. WILLIAMS, having re-purchased his entire Medical Practice of Dr. L. G. Hall, in Wattsburgh and vicinity

News by Telegraph and Mail.

BALTIMORE, June 30.

Thos. D. Johnson, of the firm of Lee & Johnson, extensive bankers in this city, died suddenly this afternoon.

A dreadful murder was committed in Baltimore county yesterday—a father murdering his own child and grand child. It occured near Warren Factory and is said to have been caused by the whiskey bottle. His name is Thomas Williams.

NEW YORK, June 28,—3 P M.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.—Between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning. Mr. Riley, in a most shocking manner, murdered his wife and wife's mother. He also made an attempt upon his wife's sister. She is so horribly mutilated that her life is despaired of. The murdered parties names are Goulding. The causes which led to this lamentable tragedy, was that Riley had privately married the daugeter of Goulding, which was the means of a serious misunderstanding between them. The daughter was brought home ,and her father left the family early this morning supposing that all was safe. The old man left his son-in-law shaving, and a short time after his absence, he seized a knife and commenced the bloody onslaught. The parties are all of the poorer class of society. Riley was caught leaving the house with the instrument of death in his hand.

ST. LOUIS, June 28,

Advices from Santa Fe to the 30th of May are received by mail. Mr. Moorshead, engineer attached to the Boundary Commission, and Mr. Dunlan and Lady, from New York, have arrived at Independence. Large bodies of friendly Indians are encamped on the Arkansas, waiting to go over to the general convention of Indians at Fort Laramie, next August. The elections in New Mexico are over, and the Legislature was to meet in June next. H. N. Smith was elected to the Senate. Much indignation was excited on account of his rejection as Secretary of New Mexico A large body of Indians are assembled on the Picos, it is feared, for the purpose of attacking the trains of traders. They were watched by two or three companies of dragoons. Many traders were met all along this rout. Col Sumner's command met at Plumb Bute; much sickness was still among them; five or six dying daily. Cholera has abated at Independance, and is now prevailing at Westport.

NEW YORK, June 27—7 P. M.

The house of E. D. Huribut & Co, one of the oldest and most respectable in the city, has failed for about $1,-000,000. The cause is understood to be Cotton bills returned from Europe.

It is also reported that Moffat, the Pill and Phœnix Bitters man, has failed for a large amount.

TORONTO, June 28.

In the Canadian Parliament, the Attorney General, Mr. Fontaine announced that the French party intended to oppose the secularization of the Protestant clergy revenues. The question will probably lead to a general agitation, looking to a dissolution of the union of the provinces.

PHILADELPHIA, June 27.

A fire broke out in Camden last night, by which the office of the Camden Democrat was destroyed.

A letter dated Constantinople, May 17, says: "just now a plot has been discovered to kill Kossuth. Some Sclavonians were employed to go to Kutayah, where he is confined, and pretend to assist him and his companions in making their escape; they were to be shot. The plot was exposed by a woman, and immediately the Turkish government sent a steamer in pursuit of the men and they were arrested."

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 27:

John Gould has been arrested in this city, charged with committing a violent assault upon Nathan C. Lewis at Attleborough, Mass., on Monday, with intent to kill.—The parties were formerly engaged together in business here. Lewis is believed to be dangerously injured from the effects of a slung shot.

NEW YORK, June 26.

The new Scott paper which has just been started in this city, (and to which I have hitherto made reference,) from all that I can learn, is *weakly* in a pecuniary sense, as well as *weekly* in its periodical appearance. "Lundy's Lane" is not the candidate of the wealthy Whigs, here, just yet, nor will he be, until it is made certain that Webster or Fillmore is not yet to get a nomination from the party. Hence the money which has ushered the American Patriot into existence, comes none of it from contribution. The Silver Greys, give it the cold shoulder, the Sewardites say "play shy, with the general; you are jagging him out too early," which we think the fib, not under the lash of the politicians, very generally express the belief that the country is not ready, just yet, for a "hasty plate of soup."

Two degraded specimens of humanity—a man and a woman they looked like—came into the Fifth ward station house, late last night, and asking for lodgings. Both were in a state of beastily intoxication. The woman was given a bed, but while one of the police was adjusting her pillow he discovered something bulky about her person. Undoing her shawl he discovered a dead infant already far advanced in decomposition.

No doubt the little victim came to his death by suffocation, alcohol making the wretched mother its unconscious murderer. On searching the man, her husband, two vials, filled with brandy, were found. His name is Byrnes. What a terrible lesson does this teach the intemperate.

BROWNSVILLE, June 30.

Dan Rice has created the greatest excitement here ever known. Upwards of 2000 persons visited his circus in the afternoon, and the immense pavillion is filled to suffocation to-night. People have come the distance of 20 miles to see the great clown.

DETROIT, June 30.

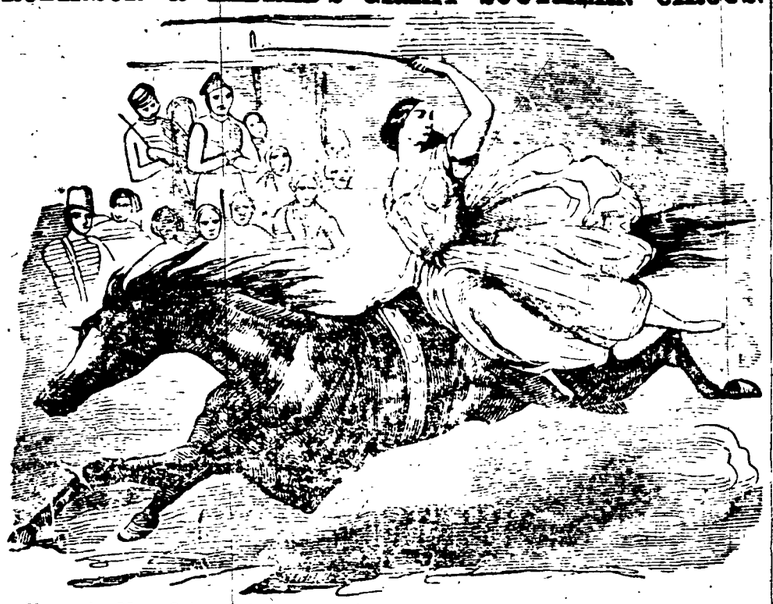
An attempt was made to blow up the depot of the Michigan Central railroad line to-day. A box of powder with a slow match, was received by the May Flower and put in the depot where it exploded this morning. Two men were blown up and seriously but not fatally injured It was probably designed to explode on the May Flower.

ANOTHER INFERNAL MACHINE.—Yesterday, about two o'clock, one of these ugly visitors exploded in the passage way of the Freight Depot of the Central Rail Road Company in this city, doing inconsiderable damage to the building, and burning, but not seriously, a person who was standing near. Remnants of the apparatus were picked up, embracing the cells in which the explosive material was held, a part of the bottle containing camphine, and a card on which is written Henry French—with something else not intelligible. The machine was enclosed in a box and put on board the Mayflower at Buffalo, intended, evidently, for explosion on her last passage up. The devils incarnate guiding and directing such proceedings against the lives of innocent people must find their punishment; and we invoke the whole power of the civil authorities to bring them to justice.—*Detroit Free Press.*

SHARP BUSINESS TRANSACTION.—*1 Female Rouge.*—A few days since, a lady, having every appearance of respectable gentility about her, stopped in Stewart's fashionable dry good store in Broadway, New York, and purchased a Shawl, priced at four hundred dollars, and presented a $1000 bill on the Bank of America, to pay for it. The clerk being suspicious of the bill, stepped over to the Bank, and inquired of the cashier, who pronounced it genuine. The change was accordingly given her, and she took the purchased shawl, and had proceeded as far as the door, when she stepped back, and remarked that she had not better take it until she had consulted her husband. The $1000 was handed her, and she returned the shawl and change she had received, and left the store. Presently she came back, and said that she had concluded to take it, and laying down a $1000 note, received again her change, took the cashmere under her arm, and disappeared. After the lady had gone, it was discovered that she had changed the bill, and in place of the genuine note, had put off upon the clerk a counterfeit upon the same bank—leaving Mr. Stewart minus a valuable shawl and six hundred dollars in money.—*N. Staten Journal*, June 10th.

☞"How melancholy, it is to think," said a modern philanthropist of the sentimental school, "that so many of our fellow creatures should, under the arbitrary laws of men, be immured in prisons."—"Yes," replied a philanthropist of another class, "yes it is; but not half so melancholy as that so many should be at large who deserves to be there."

ROBINSON & ELDRED'S GREAT SOUTHERN CIRCUS.



From the New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, and all the principal Southern Amphitheatres, will perform in ERIE on THURSDAY, July 24th 1851, Afternoon and Evening.

THE Great Southern Troupe is distinguished from all others 1st. By its superior stock of thorough bred Horses, raised and trained in Louisville, Georgia, and South Carolina.

2d. By the variety and elegance of its Equipments.

3d. By the surpassing beauty and magnitude of its appointments, And

4th. By the superior talent of its members: comprising, as will be seen below, the principal Riders and Gymnasians in the profession.

PRINCIPAL RIDERS.

Master JAMES ROBINSON, the first Equestrian of the Age.

Mr. J. R. ROBINSON, the unrivalled four Horse Rider.

Mlle HENRIETTA, the intrepid Juvenile Equestrian.

Madame ROBINSON, in the grand Manage Act.

Mr. G. N. ELDRED. The Original Scene Rider.

Masters JOHN and LITTLE JACK, The youngest, smartest, and most daring Riders in the Equestrian Profession.

Ten Beautiful Ponies,
SEVENTY SUPERB AND THOROUGH BRED
Southern Horses.

Twenty of which are driven before the
GREAT BAND CHARIOT,

By Mr. RENHAM, the most expert Whip in this country A BAND composed of TEN MUSICIANS, led by Mr. NEAVE will accompany the performances.

Clown to the Ring, SAM LONG, a gentleman of wit and education, from the Mississippi Valley. Unlike all other Clowns, Mr. Long never resorts to coarse or low gags in order to make the "groundling" laugh, but gains at higher appluse, which his ready wit and pungent satire never fails of securing.

PRICE 25 CENTS.—NO HALF PRICE.

The Company will perform in Waterford on the 23d, in North East on the 24th, and at Westfield on the 26th of July.

☞ Doors open at 1 o'clock, P. M., and 7 in the evening. 2*

NEW WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS
AT LOOMIS & CO.'S,
State St., nearly opposite Empire Stores.

NOW opening, the largest and finest stock of Goods in this line ever offered for sale in Erie, just purchased in N. York, embracing all the new styles of rich Jewelry just out. Any one wishing to purchase a splendid watch and chain will have a first rate opportunity for selecting. Not to be excelled by any similar establishment in this vicinity. G. LOOMIS & CO.

Erie, June 21. 6

25,000 BRICK, burnt this spring, for sale by
6 D. S. CLARK.

ERIE ACADEMY

THE Summer term of the Erie Academy commences on Monday, June 23, under the superintendence of

J. A. HASTINGS, A. M., Teacher of the Languages and the Natural Sciences;

Mr. O. D. HENDRIX, Teacher in English Literature and Penmanship;

Miss SARAH A. KIRBY, Preceptress, and Teacher of French, Astronomy and Botany;

Miss CATHARINE BUSH, Teacher of Music.

TUITION PER QUARTER.

In the Languages,	$1 00
In Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, &c.,	1 00
In Primary studies,	75

The regular time for admission is at the beginning or middle of the term No one will be admitted for less than half a quarter

From the pleasant and healthful location of the Academy, the advantages which it possesses of Philosophical and Astronomical Apparatus, and the ability of the teachers, both to impart knowledge and to discipline the conduct it is confidently believed that very superior inducements are presented to all who may be desirous of pursuing a course of systematic and thorough instruction. For the benefit of those desiring to prepare themselves for teaching, particular instruction will be given with a view to that object, both in the branches usually taught in school, and the theory of imparting instruction.

JOHN GALBRAITH, President.
MURRAY WHALLON, Secretary.
Erie, June 18, 1851. 6

TO FARMERS.

If you wish to see a good assortment of Sythe, Snaths, Forks, Cradles, Sickles, Rakes, Stones and Rifles, call at the Cheap Hardware Store, No. 3, Reed House. 7 ERIE, June 28

JEWELRY

In great variety at Loomis & Co's, embracing Ladies and Gents Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Pencils and Pens, Ladies' Cuff Pins, Bracelets, and other desirable articles, all warranted as represented. Call in—no charge for showing. 7 June 28.

SILVER GOODS.—Plain and Threaded Table and Tea Spoons, Forks, Butter Knives, etc. of our own manufacture, silver warranted of the fineness of Dollars. Engraved in good style by June 28. 7 G. LOOMIS & CO.

CALIFORNIA GOLD Manufactured to order at short notice, into Rings, Breast Pins, Bracelets, Chains, or anything desired, in any style, at 7 G. LOOMIS & Co's

NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD
J. Hearn & Co., Agents,
PUBLIC DOCK, ERIE, PENN'A.

ARE prepared to contract Butter, Cheese, and all other property from Erie to New York—through in thirty hours. ALSO—Agents for Lines on Erie Canal—no trans-shipments, through direct from Buffalo to New York.

☞ For sale, Coal, Salt, White Fish, and Water Lime.

Erie, June 28. 7

TO THE LADIES—A beautiful assortment of Toilet Soap, English, French and American, by
June 21. 6 CARTER & BRO.

STRAY MARE.

STRAYED from the subscriber in Erie, on Sunday last, the 15th a Sorrel Mare, about 10 or 12 years old—two white spots on the back caused by the saddle, one hind foot white near the heel, and a white spot in the face; and is supposed to be with colt.—Any person returning said stray or giving information at this office where it may be found, shall be rewarded.

Erie, June 21, 1851.—*tf10* JAMES KELLEY.

COMBS.—Ivory and Buffalo Dressing and Fine Combs, by
June 28. 6 CARTER & BRO.

W. H. SHERMAN,
DAGUERRIAN ARTIST,

On the North side of the Diamond, and one door West of Williams' and Wrights' office.

"*Let Nature copy that which Nature made.*"

Daguerreotype Likenesses of all sorts, sizes and prices, from twelve shillings to twelve dollars, faithfully executed and warranted unfading. 6

NEW AND USEFUL.
WASHING DAY BANISHED—EXCELSIOR FAMILY
SOAP

BY which a large washing can be done in one-third less time, trouble and expense than with any other Soaps known. It can be used with soft or hard water, cold or warm. Will remove Grease, Paint, Tar, Ink or stains from goods Without the least injury either to the goods or the hands. For sale by
Erie, June 21, 1851. CARTER & BROTHER.

Dye Woods, Dye Stuffs, Paints, &c.

THE undersigned offer for sale on liberal terms *Dye Woods*, of all the different kinds, of their own manufacture, and warranted equal to any manufactured, viz:

Log-wood,	Red-wood,	Cam-wood,	Hyper Nic'a-wood,
Fustic,	Green Ebony,	Red Sanders,	Extract of Log-wood,
Nic'a-wood,	Brazil-wood,	Peach-wood,	Bar-wood,
Lac. Dye,	Argol,	Cream Tarter.	

Together with a general assortment of *Dye Stuffs, Dyers' Drugs, Paints, &c., &c.* Merchants and manufacturers supplied.

PENTZ, TOWNSEND & CO.
March 6, 1851.—1y No. 55, Water Street, N. Y.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

A GOOD assortment of Dining and Tea Sets; light blue, flouring blue, white and mulberry; also, a good variety of Glassware, for sale at the lowest figures by C. M. TIBBALS.

REMOVAL.

THE PITTSBURGH STORE has been removed from No 2, Wright's Block, to the frame building on French street, one door north of C. M. Tibbals', where the subscriber still continues to keep a full assortment of Groceries and Provisions on hand and for sale, at wholesale and Retail, at a small advance above cost.

Erie, March 15, 1851. J. MCANN.

BRITANIA WARE.—I have a very large assortment of Candlesticks, Lamps, Canisters, Dust Pans, Spittoons Match Safes, Toy Cups, &c., which will be sold by the dozen at Buffalo prices. [2] RUFUS REED.

MECHANIC'S TOOLS.—Panel Planes, Match Planes, Bench Planes, Framing, Turning and Fitmer Chisels, Gouges, Chisel Handles, Broad Axes, Adzes, Hand, Panel, Compass, Rip, Cold, Tenon, and Back Saws, Steel Squares, Try Squares, Bevels, Gauges, Spoke Shaves, Dividers, Compasses, Brace and Bits, Hand Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Reel Screws, Sand Paper, &c.

RUFUS REED.
Erie, May 24—2 No. 3, Reed House

SILK, Gingham and Cotton Parasol—an extensive variety at Erie, May 24, 1-31.—2 JACKSON'S.

THE greatest variety and Cheapest Prints ever offered in this city at [2] SMITH JACKSON'S

LADIES AND MISSES BONNETS—the latest styles at Erie, May 24.—2 SMITH JACKSON'S.

LADIES Walking Shoes, Buskins, Slips, Jenny Lind Ties and Gaiters, for sale by SMITH JACKSON
Erie, May 24 2

MEN and Boy's Palm Leaf, Leghorn, and Panama Hats—for sale by [2] S. JACKSON.

COTTON YARN, Carpet Warp Cord and White, Batting and Wadding, for sale by [2] SMITH JACKSON.

250 KEGS NAILS—both Eastern and Southern, for sale very cheap, by [2] SMITH JACKSON.

WHITE FISH, Codfish, Rice, and all kinds of Groceries at [2] JACKSON'S.

LIQUORS.—A general assortment of Brandy, Gin, Rum, Wine and Whiskey, for sale by S. JACKSON.

NAVY BLUE SANKIN, Blue Drill, and a large stock of summer stuffs for pants, &c., by JACKSON.

SHAWLS.—Crape, Silk and Barrage Shawls; plain, printed, and embroidered Cashmere and Delane Shawls, and every variety of cheap summer dress at SMITH JACKSON'S.
Erie, May 24, 1851. 2

4000 Yards Satinetts and all wool Tweeds, direct from the manufactors, which I will sell by the *piece* at New York wholesale prices my14 C. M. TIBBALS.

400 BBLS FLOUR.—A choice lot of Flour on consignment for sale at my17 LOWRY, BROWN & Co's.

PLAIN, Plaid and Striped Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds Cottonades, Denims, and other Summer Stuffs, at
Erie, May 24. 2 JACKSON'S

CLOTHS—French, English, and American Black, Green and Navy Blue, for sale cheap at [2] JACKSON'S.

DRESS Trimmings and Buttons at JACKSON'S.
April 26. 2

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. W. Brewster, late of the city of Erie, having been granted to the subscribers, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against it will please present them duly authenticated for settlement.

SUSAN M. BREWSTER,
MATTHEW TAYLOR,
of Erie, Administrators.
Erie, June 14. 6

WILLOW WAGONS for every variety for sale by
June 21. 6 D. S. CLARK.

CHURNS of every description for sale by
June 21. 6 D. S. CLARK.

YEAST POWDER, a superior article, for sale by
June 21. 6 D. S. CLARK.

EXTRACTS of Lemon, Rose, Vanilla, Nutmeg, Bitter Almonds, Peach, Celery, Orange Flour, Cochineal and Nectarine, for sale by D. S. CLARK.
June 21. 6

VERMICILLA and Macaroni in large and small boxes, for sale by D. S. CLARK.

SYTHES—A large stock of Grass and Grain Sythes, at the lowest rates, at the cheap store. LOWRY, BROWN, & CO.
June 21. 6

QUINNEBAUG WHET-STONES, a genuine article of Quinnebaug Whetstones and a large lot of 9th Files, which will be sold below manufacturer's prices at
5 LOWRY, BROWN & Co's.

NAILS.—A good assortment of Nails at the lowest rates, and warranted equal to any in the market, or cash refunded, at the New Store on Sconce's Block.
June 21. 6 LOWRY, BROWN, & Co.

NOTICE

AN application will be made to the next Legislature of Pennsylvania, for the incorporation of a Bank, to be called the Erie City Bank, to be located in the City of Erie, Erie County, Pa., with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing the same to three hundred thousand dollars, and that the individual liability clause will be inserted in the Charter of said Bank.

H. Fullerton,	J. C. Marshall,	Smith Jackson,
Henry Wisner,	M. Tibbals,	Guy Loomis,
Geo Kelsey,	Wm. Kelsey,	Walter Chester,
Thomas H. Sill,	John Galbraith,	A. Beebe,
	W. M. Gallagher.	

Erie, Pa., June 21, 1851.

BE WARNED.

IN consequence of the death of my late partner, A. W. Brewster, it becomes necessary to settle outstanding accounts on the books of the Wisner Woolen Factory, therefore all who have unsettled accounts with us will save costs by attending to the settlement of the same before the 20th of July next. Those who neglect this notice must not complain if they have to pay costs.

THOS. MCAFFEY,
Surviving partner of the late firm of McAffey & Brewster.
Erie, June 21, 1851. 6

100 BAGS SHOT just received and for sale by
June 21, 1-51 6 R. T. STERRETT & SONS

25 KEGS Kentucky Rifle Powder, just received and for sale by the half, quarter, or whole Keg by
June 21, 1-51 6 R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

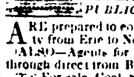
200,000 G. D. Percussion caps for sale by
6 R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

500 BAGS Dairy Salt, for sale by
R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

TAR, Pitch and Rosin constantly on hand and for sale by
6 R. T. S. & SONS.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they have built a new Livery stable, and are desirous of sharing a portion of their patronage, and are desirous of storing for those desiring it in the article. R. T. STERRETT & SONS.
June 21, 1-51. 6

Erie Livery Stable.



THE subscribers would inform the public that they still continue the Livery business at their old stand on State Street, near Third, where Horses and Carriages of all description may be found at all times ready for use, and prices to suit the times. Please call.
MARTIN & BRIGGS
Erie, June 14, 1-51. 6

TEAS.—Fresh Green and Black Teas, only six weeks from Canton, some Green Tea for 50c. per pound, good.
June 7. C. M TIBBALS.

Summer Goods. Excitement Continued.

HAVING just returned from New York, I am now receiving a complete assortment of the Season's late styles of Summer Goods, Lawns, Barages, Silks, Tissues, together with other dressing Goods not so familiar included in the stock. In attending to the wants of the Ladies, (who of course claim first attention,) the gents are by no means neglected, in proof of this they have only to call and look over my assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, the colors as various as those of my mamesake's rainbow, and quality fit for any occasion, even the particular one which requirement of Carpets are here driving competition either in price or quality. The Crockery department keeps pace with the others in every respect.

Having become convinced of the advantages of *frequent* purchases made with *cash*, over the old system, I now request the community to satisfy themselves on this important point, by comparing my prices with those of any or every other establishment in the city.

J. D. CLARK,
May 31. No 1, Reed House.

$50 FORFEIT.

DR. HUNTER will forfeit $50, if failing to cure any case of disease that may come under his care, no matter how long standing or afflicting. Either sex are invited to his Private Rooms, 58, North SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, without fear of interruption by other patients. Strangers and others who have been disappointed in the selection of a physician are invited to call. Those who have injured themselves by solitary vice are also invited.

READ AND REFLECT.—The afflicted would do well to reflect before trusting their health, happiness, and in many cases their lives, in the hands of physicians, ignorant of this class of maladies. It is certainly impossible for one man to understand all the ills the human family are subject to Every respectable physician has his peculiar branch, in which he is more successful than his brother professors, and to that he devotes most of his time and study.

A YEARS PRACTICE, exclusively devoted to the study and treatment of diseases of the sexual organs, together with ulcers upon the body, throat, nose or legs, pains in the head or bones, nervous rheumatism, strictures, gravel, irregularities, disease arising from youthful excesses or impurities of the Blood, whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, enable the Doctor to offer *speedy relief* to all who may place themselves under his care.

Philadelphia, May 3, 1-51. 1y51

New and Popular School Book.

COMPREHENSIVE Summary of Universal History, together with a Biography of Distinguished Persons, to which is appended an epitome of Heathen Mythology, Nautical Philosophy, General Astronomy and Physiology. Adopted on the Public Schools of Philadelphia U. S. JONES & CO. Publishers.
S. W. Corner FOURTH and RACE streets, Phila. Ledphia.

Teachers and School Committees a Dressing letter to us post paid, will be furnished with copies for examination.

☞ A Full and Complete Assortment of Books, and Stationary for sale at the *Lowest Price.*
Philadelphia, May 3, 1-51. 1y51

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscribers on the Estate of Joseph Marshall, late of Green Township, dec'd. Therefore all having claims against said estate will present them for settlement, and those indebted make immediate payment

DAVID MARSHALL }
ALEXANDER DUMARS } Adm'rs
Green, June 7 —6t

WOOL! WOOL!! WOOL!!

100,000 Pounds Wanted at the Erie Woollen Factory, for which the proprietors will exchange Cloth, Cassimeres and Tweeds, on desirable terms for the wool-grower, or pay the highest market price in Cash; for any quantity of Wool offered for sale.

As we intend to withdraw from the manufacturing business after this season, it is highly desirable that all indebted to us for work done, or wool purchased, should come prepared to pay their accounts in Wool or money.

Erie, May 17. MEHAFFEY & BREWSTER

HOUSE KEEPERS can be supplied with an excellent assortment of Table Cutlery, Brass, Britania, Iron and Japan Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays, Double Plated, Silver, German Silver, Britannia and Iron Table and Tea Spoons, Basting spoons, Mincing Knives, Dinner and Tea Bells, Porcelain and Brass Kettles, Porcelain and Tin sauce Pans, Waffle Irons, Coffee Mills Dust Pans, sad irons and stands, &c., at the CHEAP Hardware Store RUFUS REED.
May 17. No. 3, Reed House.

TICKING, Striped Shirting, Apron Checks, Canton Flannel, Drills and Sheetings—any quantity very cheap at
Erie, May 24.—3 SMITH JACKSON'S.

GLOVES.—Ladies' and Gents' White, Col'd and Black Kid—Lisle, Silk and Cotton Gloves, for sale at JACKSON'S.

GARDEN Trowels and Rakes, at the CHEAP Hardware store
May 7. RUFUS REED

LIVER COMPLAINT,
JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,

And all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, inward Piles, fullness, or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fulness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs

before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS, PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON,
AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,
No. 120, Arch Street, Philadelphia.

These powers are the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and Lower glands, exercising the most searching powers in weaknes and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

From the Boston *Bee*,

The Editor said, Dec. 21.

Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters, for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic and Nervous Debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend at our elbow says he has received an effectual and permanent cure of Liver Complaint by the use of this remedy. We are convinced that, in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant in taste and smell, and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use."

Neagle's Weekly, one of the best Literary papers published, said, Aug. 25.

"*Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters*, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. Both in the east, we have used and advised mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems."

MORE EVIDENCE.

The "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," the best family newspaper published in the United States, the editor says of

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and, therefore, when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the numerous Quacks, that are worse about as a brief period and then forgotten after they have drained their gullibly deceived patrons, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has not the hearty approval of the Faculty itself."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

This medicine has attained that high character which is necessary for all medicines to attain to induce counterfeiters to put forth a spurious article at the risk of the lives of those who are innocently deceived.

LOOK WELL TO THE MARKS OF THE GENUINE.

They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and the name blown in the bottle, *without which they are spurious.* For sale, wholesale and retail, at the

GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No 120, Arch street, one door below Sixth, Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers generally throughout the country.

PRICE REDUCED TO 75 cts. PER BOTTLE.

Also for sale by Carter & Brother, Erie, Pa; Lampson & Goff, McKeon Corners, Pa., J. Curtis, Waterford, Pa.

Erie, 1-51. 1y22

City or Borough Warrants at Par.

LAIRD & BEST will receive any amount of City and Borough Warrants at Par a their Store, No. 4, Wright's Block, Erie, June 14, 1-51.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Adam Pollock, late of the town of Erie, Pa., having been granted to the subscribers, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will please present their duly authenticated for settlement.

ROSANNA C. POLLOCK, }
AUGUSTUS WALTERS, } Ad'rs
Erie, June 14.—6t5

MEXICAN LAND WARRANTS

WARRANTS for 80 and 160 acres each, guaranteed to be good in every respect, for sale at the exchange office of
Erie, 1-51. M. SANFORD & CO.

PREMIUM FOR SILVER.—We pay a premium in GOLD for Dollars, Half Dollars and Five Francs.
Erie, June 14. M. SANFORD & CO.

BEACH'S AMERICAN PRACTICE.—A few copies just received and for sale by J. H. BURTON & CO.

ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUID.—Quart and Pint bottles for sale by J. H. BURTON & CO.

TANNER'S GERMAN OINTMENT.—Just received by railroad and for sale by J. H. BURTON & CO.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of David Caldwell, late of Erie, deceased. Therefore all those having claims against said estate will present them for settlement, and those indebted make immediate payment.

Erie, June 14 —6t5. H. CADWELL, Administrator.

New Goods for the People.

THE Subscriber is now receiving his Spring stock of Goods, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Nails, Liquors, &c. which is large and well selected and bought cheap, and will be sold at very low prices, for ready pay. (*my word for it.*) as cheap as any other in Erie. Good mailder terms from 6*c* to 8*c*, and the best English and Merrimac at 12½*c* per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Wishing to do a more ready pay business will make the prices as low as to indolent persons to make ready pay for their goods.—People are requested to call an I take a look at my goods and prices It will cost nothing to do that, and will oblige, yours &c.

Erie, May 3, 1851. SMITH JACKSON.

New Firm! New Goods!

P. ARRICKLE and S. P. KEPLER having formed a Co-Partnership in the Mercantile business, at the old stand of the senior partner, No 3, Perry Block, take this method of informing their friends and the public that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer Stock, which will be sold cheap. A small advance already on hand which the ladies are particularly invited to call an examine.

Erie, April 5, 1-51. 47

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

140 BARRELS choice Michigan Flour just received and for sale at Public Dock.

A constant supply will be kept during the season at wholesale or by the single Barrel. Dealers supplied at lowest prices.
June 7. 4tf.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR sale a Farm of 76 acres on the Lake road, two miles west of the city of Erie, nearly all improved, with a good water power, a comfortable House, Barn and Orchard. Price $60 per acre, one-fourth down, and the balance in three equal annual instalments with interest Apply to Mr. Wilson King, in Erie, or to A. Dayton, Esq., or C. Blancan's, 136, Main Street, Buffalo.
Gazette please copy 111

Cash for Wool!

WE want to buy 100,000lbs of Wool, and will pay the highest price in cash on delivery at our store.
Erie, June 7. COMPTON, HAVERSTICK & CO.

Military Land Warrants.

THE subscriber, resident of Wisconsin, is prepared to locate Military Bounty Land Warrants in Wisconsin, Minnisota, and Iowa, 160 acre warrants at $135; 80 acre warrants at $110; 40 acre warrants at $87. Twenty-five per cent deducted for warrants located in Wisconsin.

The subscriber being well acquainted in northern and western Wisconsin, and having all the Plats of the Townships where the most of the Government land is situated untaken, and knowing that it is the choicest farming land in the West, would advise those having Land Warrants and desirous of locating them to locate and them to the subscriber at the earliest moment. I will pay particular attention to the location of all warrants entrusted to me. Money must accompany the Warrants with a full description of the kind of Land described, whether Timber, Oak Openings or Prairy. Duplicates will be immediately sent to owners as soon as located, whereupon Patents can be had from Washington. Address Post-paid to the subscriber at Fondilac, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

E. MONELL.

References—E. P. Colton, Register; M. S. Gilson, Receiver of the Land Office, Willow River, St. Croix Co., Wisconsin; E. Conklin, Receiver of Land Office, Green Bay, Wisconsin; Samuel W. Beale, Lt. Gov. Taychopish, Wisconsin; Hon. S. P. Tallmadge, Fondulac Wisconsin; Hon. James Thompson, James C. Marshall, Smith Jackson, Erie, Pa. 3m1

NO EXCUSE FOR BAD BREAD.

A NEW article is now introduced to the public, which is warranted, when used with good flour, to make light, sweet, and consequently nutritious bread. By the use of Preston & Merrill's Infallible Yeast Powder, you can avoid the consumption of a large quantity of impure vegetable matter, which is contained in Brewer's Yeast; and chalk, alum, marble dust, and bad flour, which are contained in the articles sold as "Cream of Tartar and Soda for making Bread." Last but not least, you can avoid the danger of failure in making good bread, as when this powder is used according to the directions, the bread is sure to rise. It requires no time to stand before baking, and is equally palatable in loaves, hot biscuits of rolls, buckwheat and other griddle cakes, gingerbread, and sweet cakes of all kinds. A little of it added to the batter for dumplings, boiled apple puddings, and hot pies, will make it elegantly light, and much more digestible. This is warranted to keep in any climate For sale by
Erie, June 7, 1851.—4 R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

PEACH WATER—Preston & Merrill's Peach Water for flavoring Custards, Cakes, &c., for sale by R. T. S. & SON.

CORN STARCH for sale by
Erie, June 7. R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

10 BOXES Oranges and Lemons just received by railroad, and for sale by R. T. STERRETT & SONS

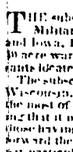
30 KEGS Rifle Powder just received and for sale by
R. T. STERRETT & SONS.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received a splendid Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c. In the above stock may be found a choice assortment of Gentlemen and Ladies Dress Goods; Ladies and Children's Shoes, a variety of styles and qualities. They invite all old customers and those intending to purchase, to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Erie, June 14.—3 JAMES HUGHES & CO.

SYTHES AND SNATHS.

12 DOZ. Just received—they are superior to any ever offered for sale in this place. Every man wanting new Sythes and Snaths ought to buy them, for sale by GEO. SELDEN & SON.
Erie, June, 7.



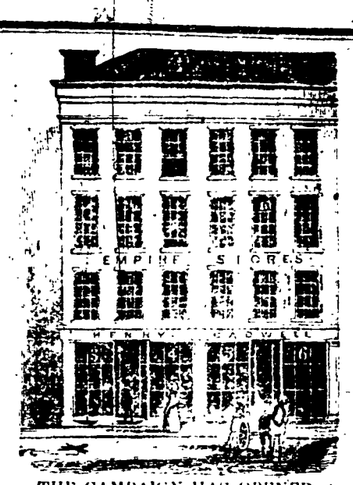
EASTERN FASHIONS FOR SUMMER JUST RECEIVED.

THE undersigned, thankful for past patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same, would respectfully announce to the public that he is prepared to cut and make up Garments in the latest New York style. He warrants his work to be equal, if not superior, to any done in the City. No fit—no pay.

Cutting done in the most fashionable style and done when promised. JOHN GOALDING.
Erie, June 7, 1851. Reed's Block, opposite the Bonnel Block.

PORTABLE FURNACES.—We have just received New Patterns for several sizes of these fuel-saving articles for summer use, and are prepared to furnish customers with a superior article. A few on hand ready for use. SENNETT & CO.
May 31. 2

NAILS.—A large lot of first quality Nails, which will be sold at manufacturer's prices for Cash, at the Erie Steam Foundery. SENNETT & CO.
May 31. 2



THE CAMPAIGN HAS OPENED.

I HAVE just returned from the East and am now receiving the largest stock of goods of all kinds that were ever landed in Erie, which were purchased at forced sales, and will be sold at original cost, and will be sold for cash without reserve. I wish to remind the public that I intend to close my personal connection with the goods business this year, and will give the community such bargains as will leave a lasting memory to the Empire Stores. I do not wish to make money this year, but work for the public as will be seen by the following. A catalogue of my goods would be too lengthy. I would therefore add that a lady can purchase at the Empire a dress for Fifty Cents from a good an English print as was ever made up, fast colors, soap locks still, and as good and wide brown Sheeting Sheeting as ever came to Erie, as cheap as can be sold in any store. Silk and fine dress goods, and all other kinds of dry goods in proportion. A choice lot of Bonnets and Parasols just received. A very large stock now on hand of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting and Druggets of new and choice patterns, for sale at a discount from former prices. Crockery, Glassware and Looking Glasses, a complete assortment at reduced prices. I am beginning to perceive my late large purchase of Hardware, Iron, Steel, &c., with a large assortment in stores, I am receiving 1000 kegs of East

The Family Opposed to Newspapers.

The man that don't take his county paper was in town yesterday. He brought his whole family in a two horse wagon. He still believed that General Taylor was President, and wanted to know if the "Kamschatkians" had taken Cuba, and if so, *where* they had taken it. He had sold his corn for twenty five cents—the price being thirty one, but upon going to deposite the money, they told him it was mostly counterfeit. The only hard money he had was some three cent pieces, and those some sharper "run on him" for half dimes! His old lady smoked a "cob pipe" and would not believe that any thing else could be used. One of the boys went to a blacksmith's shop to be measured for a pair of shoes, and another mistook the market house for a church. After hanging his hat on a meat hook, he piously took a seat on a butcher's stall, and listened to an auctioneer, whom he took to be the preacher. He left before "meetin' was out," and had no great opinion of the "sarmint."

One of the girls took a lot of "seed onions" to the post office to trade them for a letter. She had a baby, which she carried in a "sugar trough," stopping at times to rock it on the side walk—When it cried, she stuffed its mouth with an old stocking, and sang "Barbara Allen." The oldest boy had sold two "coon skins" and was on a "bust" When last seen, he had called for a glass of "sody and water," and stood soaking gingerbread and making wry faces. The shopkeeper, mistaking his meaning, had given him a mixture of sal soda and water, and it tasted strangly of soap. But "he'd hearn tell of sody and water, and was bound to give it a fair trial, puke or no puke!" Some "town fellow" came in and called for lemonade with a "fly in it," whereupon our "soaped" friend, turned his back and quietly wiped several flies into his drink.

We approached the old gentleman and *tried* to get him to "subscribe," but he would not listen to it. He was opposed to "internal improvements," and he thought "larnin' was a wicked invention, and culterwated nothin' but vanity and vexation." None of his family ever learned to read, but one boy, and he "teached school awhile, and then went to studying diwinity."

Have a Trade.

By all means have a trade. Don't go up and down in the world, and find nothing to put your hands to. No matter if you don't have to work for a living; you may not always be as prosperous as you are now. This is a mutilating planet; the man that is up to day, may be down to-morrow. Thank Heaven, we live in no land of primogeniture, hereditary succession. Each man is morally bound to labor. Have a trade, we repeat—educate your hands; have something you can turn your energies to, when times pinch. It will be an everlasting resource. We never knew a man, with a good trade, who could not get a good living, and much more, with a right application. What though you are going to college, or *into a profession?* The case is not altered—you need just as much—it will come in play every day in your life—it is so much better. Discipline of the hand should always go with that of the head. We never knew a college boy who was not better with a substantial trade—he always graduates with the highest honors—he is sure to be a scholar. The fact is, he knows how to work—to pore—to conquer—he but transfers himself from the shop to the study. Young men, decide at once to learn a trade. Apply yourself with all your mind and heart, and be its master. And when you graduate and ask your diploma, if you do not want, or are not obliged to work at it you have laid by so much, and such kind of wealth can never be lost—never taken from you.

GOOD ADVICE NOT THROWS AWAY.—Two friends, rather famous for their convivial qualities, accidentally meeting one day, the *following conversation took* place between them—"Bill you ought to cut your excessive acquaintaces, and save your money." "I must, I will," was the answer, "I have been a free horse long enough." Several days transpired, during which Bill omitted his calls upon Jack, and when by chance he happened to meet him, he set his nose straight ahead, without a recognition or a blink. Upon this, Jack, one day, hailed Bill with, "Hallo Bill!—what ails you that you don't speak to me?" "Oh, nothing," replied Bill, "I was only following your advice."—*Lowell Advertiser.*

THE HEIGHT OF IMPUDENCE.—A young spark who boarded at one of our principal hotels managed, for a long time, by one artifice or another, to postpone the payment of his bill. At last the landlord became quite impatient, and, stepping up to his juvenile boarder slapped him gently on the shoulder, and asked him for some money. "I have not a red cent about me at present," was the laconic reply. "But, my dear sir," said the landlord, "I cannot afford to keep a boarding house without being paid." "Well, d——n it," exclaimed our young philosopher, "*if you* cannot afford it, *sell out to some one that can!*"—*San Francisco Public Balance.*

Land and Lots for Sale.

300 ACRES in Bloomfield township, 120 acres clear'd, built dings and orchard—price $2000. This is an excellent grazing farm

150 acres nine miles west of Erie, in Fairview township, 100 acres cleared, buildings and orchard—price $2 per acre; an excellent grain or grazing farm

71 acres in Union township, 45 acres cleared, buildings and orchard—price $1200.

100 acres in LeBoeuf township, on the east bank of French Creek, 6 miles below Waterford—63 acres cleared, house, barn and orchard, price $2000. This is a beautiful farm of bottom lands and will be good for grain or grass.

25 acres two miles east of Erie, on Lake Road, good buildings and orchard, and a valuable power for a mill—price $40 per acre.

30 acres Erie Academy land, one mile south of Erie, on the Turnpike road, all cleared—price $75 per acre.

200 acres of Wild Land, part of tract No 2000, in Wayne township—price $750.

94 acres of wild land in LeBoeuf tp—price $3 per acre.

Also a large number of In Lots and Out Lots of the town of Erie. WILSON KING.

Feb 26, 1851. 42 Land Agent, Erie, Pa.

ERIE STEAM FOUNDRY.—The subscribers have purchased the interest of Lester, Sennett & Chester in the Erie Foundry, desire to give notice that they will continue to carry on the business in its various branches, under the style of SENNETT & CO. and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment, and of those who may want anything in their line. PARDON SENNETT,

COAD & BROWN, JR.,

March 22d, 1851. MATTHEW R. BARR.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON!

NEW GOODS—Just received from New York, per steamer Wyoming from Buffalo, a new lot of Ginghams, de Lanes, Prints &c. which will be sold cheap as the cheapest. Please call at the brick store recently occupied by R. A. Baker, one door south of S. Jackson.

COMPTON, HAVERSTICK & CO.

Erie, March 21 1851. n23

Spring and Summer Millinery.

MRS. H. S. WARD would say to the Ladies that by their liberal patronage heretofore extended to her, she is now prepared with the latest New York and Philadelphia fashions of Spring and Summer Bonnets, which she will be happy to sell at the very lowest prices. Her stock consists of over forty different kinds of Bonnets, *at prices that* cannot help but suit the times. Also, Ribbons and Flowers, and in fact a general assortment of Millinery.

Straws bleached and pressed in the latest styles. All kinds of Country Produce taken in payment.

☞ Country Milliners supplied with goods at the lowest market prices.

Erie, May 10, 1851. 525

SUGAR—A superior article, by the barrel or smaller quantity at the cheap store of LOWRY, BROWN & CO.

JENNY LIND IS HERE!—A few pieces Jenny Lind Calico at the cheap Store in the Sennett Block. may 17.

PALM leaf Hats, of all qualities, just received and for sale. COMPTON, HAVERSTICK & CO

FRESH roasted coffee, a superior article, only four days from New York. My arrangements are made to receive it once twice per month. Customers will find this coffee the best in market.—April 19 J. H. FULLERTON.

50,000 Lbs. Wool Wanted.

WE will pay the highest market price in Cash for any quantity of WOOL, delivered at our store, No 1 Wright's Block May 17. LAIRD & RUST.

25 BUSHELS Dried Peaches just received and for sale cheap by D S. CLARK.

SILKS.—Gros le Rhine, Chene, Foulard, Foulard, Chameleon, Striped, Barred and Florence Silks, for sale by SMITH JACKSON.

DE LANES—Printed, Plain, and Figured De Lanes for sale by SMITH JACKSON.

RIBBONS.—An extensive assortment of Bonnet, Cap, and Sash Ribbons, Plain, Tabbed and Satin Do. for sale at SMITH JACKSON'S

LAWNS—Plain, Printed Figured and Embroidered Lawns for sale at JACKSON'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Artificials, &c., at SELDEN & SON.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.—It is said by those who have examined it, that I have the largest and best assortment ever brought to this place. RUFUS REED,

Erie, May 21 —2 No. 3, Reed House.

COAL SHOVELS can be found at No. 2, Reed House. RUFUS REED.

PAPER HANGINGS.—We have a large stock of various styles direct from the manufacturers, which will be sold at lower figures than can be purchased elsewhere in this city.

May 17. LOWRY, BROWN & CO.

BRASS KETTLES—A large assortment at the new store of LOWRY, BROWN & CO.

May 17.

PICNIC MITTS Long Fillet—do. Pic Nic Gloves and Mohair Mitts for sale by JAS KELSO'S.

Erie, May 21, 1851.

To the Sick and Afflicted!

CERTIFICATES and Testimonials, sufficient to fill every column of this paper, can be produced, setting forth the wonderful virtues of

Dr. Swaynes Celebrated Family Medicines.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP

OF WILD HERRY.

The Original and Genuine Preparation!

CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the side and Breast, Palpitation of the Heart, Influenza, Croup, Broken Constitution, Sore Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast and Lungs; the most effectual and speedy cure known for any of the above diseases

DR. SWAYNE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY!

Another Home Certificate—Great cure of DERBIL THOMAS.

Dr. H. Swayne—Dear Sir:—Being for a length of time afflicted with a very violent cough, with *pain in the side and breast*, soreness of lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c., I made trial of various remedies which were recommended highly in the papers, but obtain ill'y grew worse. The violence of my cough was such that the blood rushed profusely from my nostrils when the paroxysm came upon me; indeed, my whole system seemed prostrated; and the hour of my departure seemed near at hand. At this time you recommended the use of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, which immediately began to soothe, comfort, and allay the violence of my cough, relieved the pain in my side, strengthened and healed my lungs, &c. I continued the use of it, but now, thanks to God, and to the effect of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, I am cured, and able to pursue my daily labor. I think it an invaluable medicine in coughs, colds, and diseases of the lungs, and one that should be known to all afflicted. If persons would purchase the original and genuine article, as prepared by you, and not tamper with the many *spurious* and worthless preparations which are attempted to be palmed off on the republican of ours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was

EZEKIEL THOMAS.

Cherry st. three doors west of Seventh Street, Phila.

VERY IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Be very particular to enquire for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as some unprincipled individuals have stolen the name of Wild Cherry, thinking to borrow a reputation from that already established. Remember the genuine is put up in square bottles, covered with a beautiful wrapper, fluted engraving, with the portrait of Dr. Swayne thereon, also his signature; all others are positively fictitious and counterfeit.

Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge.

A safe and effectual remedy for worms, dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, sickness or dyspepsia children or adults, and the most useful Family Medicine ever offered to the public.

This remedy is one which has proved successful for a long time, and is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it, to be far superior (being so very pleasant to the taste at the same time effectual) to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. It not only destroys worms, but it invigorates the whole system.

Letter to Dr. Swayne from Andersontown In.

Dear Sir:—A man purchased a bottle of your Vermifuge, the other day, for his child, and by its use discharged 61 of the largest worms he had ever seen. It is somewhat difficult to get the people to try it, as they have often been so gulled by *tasteless* worm medicines. Yours being so very pleasant to the taste, at the same time effectual, I shall be able to dispose of a large quantity. Yours, T. T. SHARP. P. M.

BEWARD OF MISTAKES.

Remember Dr Swayne's Vermifuge is now put up in square bottles.

☞ See that the name is spelt correctly—

SWAYNE.

CLEANSE AND PURIFY!

DR. SWAYNE'S SUGAR-COATED SARSAPARILLA AND EXTRACT OF TAR PILLS.

Act as a gentle purgative, producing a healthy state of the Liver and Bowels, acting as an alterative, changing the state of costiveness, which is very common to some individuals, and for the irregularities incident to females they are very valuable.

J. B. Hatchitt, Evansville, Ind., writes June 5th 1850, Your medicine sells well, and gives universal satisfaction. Your Sugar Coated Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills sold out directly. Send on a large supply.

Philpott & Hughes, Danville, Pa., writes, April 10, 1850—Send immediately a further supply of your family medicines We are much in need of them—they are effecting great cures in this section.

DR. SWAYNE'S Valuable Medicines can be obtained at most of the stores throughout the country, and Wholesale and Retail at the Principal office,

N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

For Sale by the Following Agents.

ERIE COUNTY:

Carter & Brother, No 6, Reed House Erie.
J. H. Burton, No. 5, " "
W. P. Judson, & Co., Waterford
J. A. White, Girard.
N. J. Clark & Bros., Fairview.
W. & J. W. Campbell, Edenboro,

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Norman Callendar, Meadville.
C. W. Burton & Co., "
W. & J. W. Campbell, Cambridge.
Perkins & Leffingwell, Woodcock.
Cummings & Stattuck, Evansburg.
J. L. Parks, Adamsville.
L. H. Walkley, Ashtabula, Ohio.

And by dealers in Medicines generally.

Dec. 2—1y33

KEYSTONE MUTUAL

Life & Health Insurance Co. of Harrisburg, Pa.

THIS Company continues to insure lives on more favorable terms than any other company in the State, and as an evidence of the utility of such institutions, and the promptness of this company in paying losses when they occur, they respectfully refer to the following letter of Mrs. Schoyer.

Practical Examples, Showing the Advantages to be Derived from Life Insurance.

Mr Solomon Schoyer, a highly respectable commission merchant at Pittsburg, effected an insurance of $5,000 on his life with the Keystone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, on the 17th of July 1850. He received his policy, and paid his premium on the 20th of July 1850, and died in a fit of Nightmare on the 22d day of July, but two days after he received his policy. He had enjoyed uninterrupted good health all his life up to the very moment of his death. His widow, Penelope Schoyer, received from this company within 30 days after his death, $5,000 as will be seen by her letter of acknowledgement below.

To the President and Directors of the Keystone Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Harrisburg, Pa

GENTLEMEN—The prompt manner in which your efficient agent, Mr. Henry Sipold, attended to the claim of myself and family for an insurance upon the life of my late married husband, S. Schoyer, and the promptness with which the Company paid that claimed $5,000, impels me to take this method of returning to the company my thanks, believing as I do that your company possesses advantages for the insurance of a most of the community now in the country, and that the Business is conducted by judicious and careful managers and agents I would cheerfully recommend your Company to all who may wish to avail themselves of such excellent operations PENELOPE SCHOYER.

Pittsburg, Nov. 22, 1850.

Still another, showing the wise forethought of a Clergyman.

Rev. T. Mackey Rogers, pastor of a Presbyterian Church in Mount Joy, Lancaster County, Pa., took out a policy of Insurance in this company in June, 1850, for $4000. He died of Erysipelas fever on the 8th of Nov 1850; but by his provident care and forethought left to his bereaved family his Policy of $4000, which had cost him but $21

For particulars, and forms of insurance, see the company's pamphlets, or call on the Secretary at his office, No 20, Market st. Harrisburg, or S. Merwin Smith, Agent for Erie County, Office 3 doors west of Laird & Rust's Store.

DR. LUTHER REILY, President.

J. W. WILSON, Sec'y.—January 25, 1851.

Awful Conflagration.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his old customers and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his old stand, No. 2, Commercial Exchange, where he is still pleased to show those favoring him with a call the largest stock of Clothing ever offered in the city of Erie; among which will be found black, blue Black French and Dress coats, plain and fancy Pants, Satin, Silk, Marseilles and Valencia Vests, Drawers, Overhawls, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., not like that sold by our neighbors manufactured in the East and represented as their own manufacture, but it is all of my own making, I prove which, I will warrant all garments sold by me to be well made. I have just received the Spring and Summer Fashions, and am prepared to get up all kinds of Garments to order, on short notice, and give a man's figure in the latest style. Also, I have made arrangements to be informed of the repetition of ours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

Cherry st. three doors west of Seventh Second Street, Phila.

VERY IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Be very particular to enquire for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as some unprincipled individuals have stolen the name of Wild Cherry, thinking to borrow a reputation from that already established. Remember the genuine is put up in square bottles, covered with a beautiful wrapper, fluted engraving, with the portrait of Dr. Swayne thereon, also his signature; all others are positively fictitious and counterfeit.

Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge.

A safe and effectual remedy for worms, dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, sickness or dyspepsia children or adults, and the most useful Family Medicine ever offered to the public.

This remedy is one which has proved successful for a long time, and is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it, to be far superior (being so very pleasant to the taste at the same time effectual) to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. It not only destroys worms, but it invigorates the whole system.

Letter to Dr. Swayne from Andersontown In.

Dear Sir:—A man purchased a bottle of your Vermifuge, the other day, for his child, and by its use discharged 61 of the largest worms he had ever seen. It is somewhat difficult to get the people to try it, as they have often been so gulled by *tasteless* worm medicines. Yours being so very pleasant to the taste, at the same time effectual, I shall be able to dispose of a large quantity. Yours, T. T. SHARP. P. M.

BEWARD OF MISTAKES.

Remember Dr Swayne's Vermifuge is now put up in square bottles.

☞ See that the name is spelt correctly—

SWAYNE.

CLEANSE AND PURIFY!

DR. SWAYNE'S SUGAR-COATED SARSAPARILLA AND EXTRACT OF TAR PILLS.

Act as a gentle purgative, producing a healthy state of the Liver and Bowels, acting as an alterative, changing the state of costiveness, which is very common to some individuals, and for the irregularities incident to females they are very valuable.

J. B Hatchitt, Evansville, Ind., writes June 5th 1850, Your medicine sells well, and gives universal satisfaction. Your Sugar Coated Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills sold out directly. Send on a large supply.

Philpott & Hughes, Danville, Pa., writes, April 10, 1850—Send immediately a further supply of your family medicines We are much in need of them—they are effecting great cures in this section.

DR. SWAYNE'S Valuable Medicines can be obtained at most of the stores throughout the country, and Wholesale and Retail at the Principal office,

N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

For Sale by the Following Agents.

ERIE COUNTY:

Carter & Brother, No 6, Reed House Erie.
J. H. Burton, No. 5, " "
W. P. Judson, & Co., Waterford
J. A. White, Girard.
N. J. Clark & Bros., Fairview.
W. & J. W. Campbell, Edenboro,

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Norman Callendar, Meadville.
C. W. Burton & Co., "
W. & J. W. Campbell, Cambridge.
Perkins & Leffingwell, Woodcock.
Cummings & Stattuck, Evansburg.
J. L. Parks, Adamsville.
L. H. Walkley, Ashtabula, Ohio.

And by dealers in Medicines generally.

Dec. 2—1y33

KEYSTONE MUTUAL

Life & Health Insurance Co. of Harrisburg, Pa.

THIS Company continues to insure lives on more favorable terms than any other company in the State, and as an evidence of the utility of such institutions, and the promptness of this company in paying losses when they occur, they respectfully refer to the following letter of Mrs. Schoyer.

Practical Examples, Showing the Advantages to be Derived from Life Insurance.

Mr Solomon Schoyer, a highly respectable commission merchant at Pittsburg, effected an insurance of $5,000 on his life with the Keystone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, on the 17th of July 1850. He received his policy, and paid his premium on the 20th of July 1850, and died in a fit of Nightmare on the 22d day of July, but two days after he received his policy. He had enjoyed uninterrupted good health all his life up to the very moment of his death. His widow, Penelope Schoyer, received from this company within 30 days after his death, $5,000 as will be seen by her letter of acknowledgement below.

To the President and Directors of the Keystone Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Harrisburg, Pa

GENTLEMEN—The prompt manner in which your efficient agent, Mr. Henry Sipold, attended to the claim of myself and family for an insurance upon the life of my late married husband, S. Schoyer, and the promptness with which the Company paid that claimed $5,000, impels me to take this method of returning to the company my thanks, believing as I do that your company possesses advantages for the insurance of a most of the community now in the country, and that the Business is conducted by judicious and careful managers and agents I would cheerfully recommend your Company to all who may wish to avail themselves of such excellent operations PENELOPE SCHOYER.

Pittsburg, Nov. 22, 1850.

Still another, showing the wise forethought of a Clergyman.

Rev. T. Mackey Rogers, pastor of a Presbyterian Church in Mount Joy, Lancaster County, Pa., took out a policy of Insurance in this company in June, 1850, for $4000. He died of Erysipelas fever on the 8th of Nov 1850; but by his provident care and forethought left to his bereaved family his Policy of $4000, which had cost him but $21

For particulars, and forms of insurance, see the company's pamphlets, or call on the Secretary at his office, No 20, Market st. Harrisburg, or S. Merwin Smith, Agent for Erie County, Office 3 doors west of Laird & Rust's Store.

DR. LUTHER REILY, President.

J. W. WILSON, Sec'y.—January 25, 1851.

Awful Conflagration.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his old customers and the public generally, that he is still to be found at his old stand, No. 2, Commercial Exchange, where he is still pleased to show those favoring him with a call the largest stock of Clothing ever offered in the city of Erie; among which will be found black, blue Black French and Dress coats, plain and fancy Pants, Satin, Silk, Marseilles and Valencia Vests, Drawers, Overhawls, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., not like that sold by our neighbors manufactured in the East and represented as their own manufacture, but it is all of my own making, I prove which, I will warrant all garments sold by me to be well made. I have just received the Spring and Summer Fashions, and am prepared to get up all kinds of Garments to order, on short notice, and give a man's figure in the latest style. Also, I have made arrangements to be informed of the repetition of ours, it might be the means of saving many valuable lives. I freely offer this statement for the benefit of those who are suffering as I was

EZEKIEL THOMAS,

Cherry st. three doors west of Seventh Second Street, Phila.

VERY IMPORTANT CAUTION.

Be very particular to enquire for Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as some unprincipled individuals have stolen the name of Wild Cherry, thinking to borrow a reputation from that already established. Remember the genuine is put up in square bottles, covered with a beautiful wrapper, fluted engraving, with the portrait of Dr. Swayne thereon, also his signature; all others are positively fictitious and counterfeit.

Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge.

A safe and effectual remedy for worms, dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, sickness or dyspepsia children or adults, and the most useful Family Medicine ever offered to the public.

This remedy is one which has proved successful for a long time, and is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it, to be far superior (being so very pleasant to the taste at the same time effectual) to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. It not only destroys worms, but it invigorates the whole system.

Letter to Dr. Swayne from Andersontown In.

Dear Sir:—A man purchased a bottle of your Vermifuge, the other day, for his child, and by its use discharged 61 of the largest worms he had ever seen. It is somewhat difficult to get the people to try it, as they have often been so gulled by *tasteless* worm medicines. Yours being so very pleasant to the taste, at the same time effectual, I shall be able to dispose of a large quantity. Yours, T. T. SHARP. P. M.

BEWARD OF MISTAKES.

Remember Dr Swayne's Vermifuge is now put up in square bottles.

☞ See that the name is spelt correctly—

SWAYNE.

CLEANSE AND PURIFY!

DR. SWAYNE'S SUGAR-COATED SARSAPARILLA AND EXTRACT OF TAR PILLS.

Act as a gentle purgative, producing a healthy state of the Liver and Bowels, acting as an alterative, changing the state of costiveness, which is very common to some individuals, and for the irregularities incident to females they are very valuable.

J. B Hatchitt, Evansville, Ind., writes June 5th 1850, Your medicine sells well, and gives universal satisfaction. Your Sugar Coated Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills sold out directly. Send on a large supply.

Philpott & Hughes, Danville, Pa., writes, April 10, 1850—Send immediately a further supply of your family medicines We are much in need of them—they are effecting great cures in this section.

DR. SWAYNE'S Valuable Medicines can be obtained at most of the stores throughout the country, and Wholesale and Retail at the Principal office,

N. W. corner of Eighth and Race Streets, Philadelphia.

For Sale by the Following Agents.

ERIE COUNTY:

Carter & Brother, No 6, Reed House Erie.
J. H. Burton, No. 5, " "
W. P. Judson, & Co., Waterford
J. A. White, Girard.
N. J. Clark & Bros., Fairview.
W. & J. W. Campbell, Edenboro,

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Norman Callendar, Meadville.
C. W. Burton & Co., "
W. & J. W. Campbell, Cambridge.
Perkins & Leffingwell, Woodcock.
Cummings & Stattuck, Evansburg.
J. L. Parks, Adamsville.
L. H. Walkley, Ashtabula, Ohio.

And by dealers in Medicines generally.

Dec. 2—1y33

Spring Styles Wall paper.

THE subscribers have just received, by Express, *direct from* the manufactory, the largest and cheapest assortment of Paper Hanging ever brought to this city, which they are prepared to sell at prices that no one will go away dissatisfied.

GEO. SELDEN & SON.

Erie, April 24.—n36.

Saddles and Harness.

THE subscriber would respectfully say to his friends and to the community that he is manufacturing and now offers for sale a general assortment of Saddles, Bridles, Harness and Trunks together with all other articles in his line of business, which shall be well made and warranted, and sold on reasonable terms, for ready pay: he would also say, that he will Trim Carriages and Buggies in neat and *fashionable* styles he will also attend to Upholstering Sofas, Lounges and Chairs, making mattresses &c. You will find him located on State street, between Seventh and Eighth streets, in the shop recently occupied by I. Ebersole

Erie, April 12, 1850.—3m48 JOHN. B. FLICKE.

VESTINGS.—Plain, Plaid, Striped and figured Silk Vestings Satin do—What figured and Buff Cassimeres and Marseilles Vestings at SMITH JACKSON'S.

Erie, May 24, 1-51

TOBACCONISTS.

GILMAN & CO., would inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of Spanish Cigars of all kinds, at wholesale and retail. Also, Snuff and Tobacco of all kind constantly on hand. Grocers and dealers in general, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, west side State Street, between Fourth and Fifth streets—Erie, April 20, 1851. 50

SPRING MILLINERY!

Mrs. M. Curtis

HAS returned from New York with the latest style of Spring Bonnets, and a full assortment of Millinery Goods, consisting of Straw and Silk Bonnets, Caps, Ribbons, Flowers, Chip dress Bonnets, Boys Hats, &c. Gloves, Hosiery, Fans, Collars, Cuffs, Dress Trimmings Mantillas, &c

Straw Bonnets cleaned and pressed in the latest styles.

☞ Milliners furnished with goods at reduced prices. ☜

Erie, April 19 1-51.

GOOD NEWS!

RAILROAD and Plank Road matters equitably settled, enabling all to arrive at the Depot, No. 3, Perry Block, where the subscribers are just receiving a general and well selected stock of reasonable goods, embracing the varieties usually kept in Dry Good Stores, which are opened at prices that cannot fail to please. Particular hereafter. Please call and examine quality and prices. No charge for exhibiting goods.

April 19. ARBUCKLE & KEPLER

NEW GOODS,

No. 5 Cheap Side, On Hand.

THE Subscribers are now receiving daily by Express and Canal a large and general assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of,

Dry Goods, Groceries,
Hardware, Crockery,
Paper Hanging, Iron, Nails, &c.

And a great assortment of Carpenters' and Joiners' Tools, all of which have been purchased for CASH and will be sold at a small advance on Eastern prices.

Erie, May 3, 1851 31.

New Goods, New Goods.

JUST arrived, per express this morning, a beautiful assortment of Printed Lawns, Berage de Lanes, Poplins, Ginghams, Jenny Lind Prints &c. The ladies will please drop in and examine the goods and prices—nothing charged for showing goods.

May 31, 1-51. COMPTON, HAVERSTICK & CO.

☞ At a meeting of the Erie County Mutual Insurance Company held at the Treasurer's office, on the 30th ult. the following gentlemen were chosen Directors of said Company for the ensuing year, viz.:

C. M. Tibbals, A. W. Brewster,
J. H. Williams, Smith Jackson,
J. C. Marshall, William Beaty,
J. H. Fullerton, J. H. Haynes,
Harley Sherman, George Selden,
J. D. Clark, N. W. Russell

On motion Smith Jackson was chosen President, J. H. Williams, Treasurer, R. J. Sibley, Secretary.

The Office of the Company is now removed to the Register and Recorder's office REUBEN J. SIBLEY, Secty.

Erie, May 10, 1851. 3m52

National Series of Standard School Books.

DAVIES' COURSE OF MATHEMATICS.

ACADEMIC COURSE.

First Lessons in Arithmetic, School Arithmetic, University Arithmetic, Elementary Algebra, Elementary Geometry, Practical Geometry.

COLLEGE COURSE

Bourdon's Algebra, Legendre's Geometry, Surveying, Analytic Geometry, Calculus, Descriptive Geometry, Shades, Shadows &c.

ELEMENTARY SCIENCES.

Parker's Juvenile Philosophy,
do First Lessons in Natural Philosophy.
do. School Compendium of Nat. Philosophy,
Clark's Elements of Drawing,
Page's elements of Geology,
Hamilton's *Elements of Physiology*,
Reid and Bain's Chemistry and Electricity,
McIntire's Astronomy and Globes.

HISTORIES.

Willard's School History,
do United States and Historical Charts,
do. Universal History and Temple of Time, and Historic Guide.
Science of the English Language
Clark's New English Grammar,
Parker's Rhetorical Reader,
Watt's Improvement of the mind.

ELECUTIONARY WORKS

Northend's Little Speaker, *American Speaker*, School Dialogues, Kingsley's Juvenile Choir, Britton and Sherwood's School Song and Hymn Books.

Felton and Eastman's System of Penmanship and Book-Keeping, with *chirographic* Charts and Key.

☞ The above list of books have been prepared with particular reference to the educational improvement of our country: teachers and friends of education are respectfully requested to examine these works in reference to their merits and their special adaptation to the public schools and higher Universities of our country. For sale wholesale and retail, by

SPAFFORD.

May 24 —3 Agent for A. S. Barnes, & Co.

DR. HALL'S

CELEBRATED COUGH REMEDY!

A Safe, Pleasant, Speedy & Effectual Cure

For Colds, Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, and Hooping Cough.

This Medicine has been in use only a few years, and during that short period, it is believed to have effected more radical and important cures of Pulmonary diseases than any other Medical preparation either in ancient or modern times. It is but justice to state that

TURERCULAR CONSUMPTION,

or the number of deaths from that *terrible disease*, have greatly diminished in all places where this valuable medicine has been generally sold. Thousands of people who have been severely afflicted with diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and were for a time fearful of the most dangerous results, have in the enjoyment of the most perfect health, and cheerfully recommend

This Important Remedy

as a Speedy Cure for those common yet Dangerous pulmonary diseases. Thousands of Certificates of cures by this Medicine might be produced, many of which are truly

WONDERFUL AND ASTONISHING.

But their words are true and cannot be doubted. Any certificate signed so unanimously and by men of well known Truth and Integrity of Character, should be sufficient to convince the most incredulous, that this Medicine is deserving of Great Confidence and worthy of Use wherever required.

CERTIFICATES.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, have used Dr. P. Hall's Celebrated Cough Remedy, and have found it in every instance an efficacious Medicine, and fully worthy of its recommendations.

John Galbraith	John W Hays	Peter E Burton,
Wilson King	John F. Tracy	Benjamin Grant
John Hughes	Tho's Hughes	Wm F Rinderneckt
M Goodwin	John R Cochran	G A Bennett,
Tho's Moorhead jr	John M Warren	A M Dean
Tho's McKee	James D Dunlap	E A Bennett
Charles W Kelso	D Shirk	Lucius A Hull
Robert Cochran	M Mayer	D G Landon
J R Dumars	H P Mehaffey	L Warren
H O Root	John S Brown	E P Fasten
H D Miner	Forster Bell	Wm M Gallagher
A Sherwood	Joseph Deemer jr	J Salisbury
	R Baldwin	

This remedy is put in bottles of different sizes, which enables the poor as well as the rich to share its efficacy in restoring to all the Blessings of health.

For sale wholesale and retail by P. Hall at his Drug Store, corner of State and Seventh streets, Erie. Also for sale by R. C. Tod & Co, North East and Waterburgh: Smith & Hendrick, Waterford: James H. Campbell, Edinboro: William H. Townsend, Springfield James A. White, Girard: Joseph Genshemer, Fairview, and by Agents generally throughout the country. 73

GREAT WESTERN TIN SHOP.

The subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally that he will continue the TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON BUSINESS at the old stand formerly kept by Middleton & Murphy, and respectfully invites a continuation of the patronage hitherto extended to the concern. I have now on hand the largest stock of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware west of New York. Those wishing to purchase would do well to call on me before buying elsewhere, as I am bound to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

I have also on hand the best COOK STOVE in the state, (the Eagle Hot-Air) which needs no puffing and will show for itself.—I will warrant it to any one wishing to purchase. Also, 300 dozen Milk Pans, of all sizes, cheap Vats and Boilers, Strains, Strainer Pails, Canal Boat Lamps and pumps, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots and Boilers Lanters, washbowls, cake pans, pails, bloom horns, dippers, skimmers, tenkettles, funnels, buckets, oil cans, tinpuddlers, pepcans, tumbler drainers, spittoons, trunks, dish pans pint, quart, gallon and half gallon measures, funnels, graters, &c. Also a good assortment of JAPAN WARE, consisting of cake boxes, trunks, deed boxes, spittoons, tea and coffee canisters, fruit dishes, dust pans, lard and oil lamps, candle sticks, flower boxes, toy cups and pails, bottle boxes, wiresties, applebutter kettles, brass kettles, stove pipes and elbows, &c.

Spouting and Gutters promptly attended to. All kind of steam work made and repaired at the shortest notice.

WANTED—About forty thousand lbs. of old Copper, Brass and Pewter will be taken in exchange for Tin and Copper Ware.

Merchants and others would do well to give me a call at the old stand of Middleton & Murphy, two doors east of Brown's Hotel.

Erie, March 13, 1851.—41 N. MURPHY.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Corner of Fifth and French Streets, Erie, Pa.

THE Subscriber has opened the above named Restaurant, and is prepared to serve the gentlemen of Erie and strangers with every thing in the line which the season affords, with great despatch and in the best style. In addition, will be fitted a Ladies' Ice Cream and Confectionary Saloon, not to be excelled by any.

P. S.—Families can be supplied with Pies, Cakes and Tarts Fresh every day. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage. W. H. HARRIS.

Erie, April 12, 1851. 41

NEW BOOKS.

CALL and see if there has not been a great Resurrection at the corner of French and 6th streets, where the subscriber *will be on hand at all times ready to inquire after the faith* of his customers, (still believing, as he expresses himself, that every man has a right to his own opinion,) and also to show them the best stock of Miscellaneous,

School-Books and Family Bibles,

ever brought to this place. Also, on hand a splendid assortment of Blank Books of his own manufacture, warranted to be of paper of the best quality, all of which will be sold low for cash or clean paper rags.

N. B. On hand 15 barrels of Cider Vinegar, of excellent quality to be exchanged for rags or Cash.

Binding done to order on short notice.

Expected shortly a large lot of Christmas Books and Annuals.

Erie, Nov. 21. OLIVER SPAFFORD.

TEAS! TEAS!—A new arrival of those splendid, cheap Teas both Green and Black at MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

Eagle Corn Plows.

WE have made arrangements for making and vending the much approved Double Mould Board Corn Plows, patented by Rich, of Troy, N. Y. They are warranted to please. Also, single mould board, with Cast or Wooden Beams, as may be desired, for sale at the Erie Steam Foundry.

Erie, May 31. [3] SENNETT & Co.

MORE NEW GOODS.—We have made arrangements by which we shall receive weekly the latest styles from the city. Persons wishing the latest styles will do well to call at No. 1, Wright's Block. LAIRD & RUST.

For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION

With a full sense of medical science, affordingas they do, ample proof of the power and value of *many medical agents*, have furnished no examples to equipare with the salutary effects produced by "AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL."

The remarkable cures of diseases of the Lungs which have been realized by its use, attested as they are